The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1867. NO. 97.

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

From the Louisville Courier.

"NEARLY ALL OF THEM WERE NEGROES."

Such is the burden of the dispatches that reach us from the South in which the announcement of the number of votes cast at the "reconstruction" election is made. So many voters polled here to-day, says the telegram from Richmond, or Savannah, or Tallahassee, or Raleigh, and "nearly all of them were negroes," is the invariable solution. Why is this? Are there, then, no longer white men at the South? Where are the countrymen and kinsmen of Washington and his compeers, so many of whom poured out their blood like water for the establishment of republican government on this continent? And where are the statesmen whose talents shed a lustre upon their respective State Legislatures, and upon the National Congress, only a few years ago? Have they, and the noble and intelligent Caucasian constituencies they represented, become, by some strange fatality, suddenly extinct, leaving in their places only the members of that inferior race who were their slaves to exercise the rights of franchise and control the destinies of their States?

"Nearly all of them negroes!" The thought is sickening that elections should be held for that most serious and important business, the formation of State constitutions, and negroes—inferior, uninstructed, imbruted negroes—elect the men deputed to the task. Great God! What is the wretchedness of that condition to which the Southern States are brought when such interests are committed to such hands. It cannot be hoped that such electors should choose delegates at all worthy of the high trust. It cannot be otherwise than that ignorance, and prejudice, and vice should predominate in conventions so constituted. Only negroes, and white men still more ignoble and less deserving of respect than negroes, can be chosen by such constituencies.

"Nearly all of them negroes." Not quite all of them, then! Who are the rest? Are they whites who, mindful of the glorious past, and animated by a just consciousness of the superiority of their race, are struggling desperately against mighty odds to save themselves from being overwhelmed by a sea of darkness?—or are they not, rather, chiefly the dastardly home renegades, and the fair-skinned wretches who have come from the North to help along in the diabolical work of establishing negro supremacy over the fairest portion of the American Union?

Surely never was greater outrage perpetrated against freemen than the Radical have perpetrated against the Southern people in their reconstruction policy. That policy deliberately sets out to give the negroes control of the Southern States. Under it the enfranchised freedmen are so certain of carrying all before them that, as a general thing, even those whites who would be suffered to vote do not choose to participate in the mockery, especially as they know the whole plan to be irregular and unconstitutional.

Under our system of government each of the ten Southern States where the mockery of reconstruction is now being performed is already possessed of as regularly a constituted State government as in New York or Ohio, and every white citizen above the age of twenty-one is a fully-qualified voter. In no one of the ten Southern States is any negro a qualified voter; and in no State of the South have those who are qualified voters taken any steps for the calling of a convention to amend the existing constitution, or form a new one. All acts of Congress, or its agents, interfering with the rights of the States in such matters, are absolute usurpations. It follows, as a matter of course, that these reconstruction elections by which conventions to form negro supremacy constitutions are to be called, and at which mostly all the voters are negroes, are constitutionally and rightfully considered, wholly void.

How despicable is that Radical party which has deliberately adopted such a method of perpetuating its power. Not content with inaugurating a military despotism to prevent the citizens of sovereign States from exercising those privileges in the enjoyment of which they are guaranteed alike by the Federal Constitution and their State Constitution, and not satisfied with refusing them representation in Congress and destroying their State governments, it deliberately resorts to the expedient of making white men subject to negroes—of inaugurating negro domination and negro supremacy.

History records instances where, for purposes of power and personal aggrandizement, unscrupulous and ambitious men have compelled the weaker and in some respects inferior race to wear the yoke of the stronger and superior; but never has instance yet been recorded of those who, from similar motives, enslaved those of their own race and country to a race vastly inferior in all respects. Rome subdued the Volscians, and William and his Normans made the Saxons subject to their will; but it has yet to be written that the Radicals, in the attempt to perpetuate the ascendency and power of their party, attempted to place the white citizens of ten Southern States under the lasting domination of brutal and half barbarous negroes. We say *attempted*, for they will never succeed in their atrocious undertaking. For a time success may seem to crown their efforts; but, in the end, the right will prevail, the regular State governments of the South will be sustained, and white men will resume the rule which nature's God intended them to exercise. Already the hand-writing is on the wall—an inscription that causes the traitors to tremble in the very act of treason. The freemen of other States—the States upon which the iron heel has not yet been planted—do not intend to stand idly by and see their brethren of ten States subjected to the Radical negro dominion. They will not suffer a policy to be consummated that not only threatens to convert the South into a St. Domingo, but to extend its paralyzing and fatal influences, like some baneful upas, over the Union in all its length and breadth.—Radical reconstruction is surely doomed to defeat. Even if the process is finished, and the States are declared admitted under their negro Constitutions, the work will not, cannot stand. Constitutional government must prevail, and white men must continue to rule America.

Judge Bond, of Baltimore, has resumed the practice of law, the existence of which he ignored during his occupancy of a seat on the bench.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.—A correspondent requests us to publish a list of the States which have ratified the proposed "Constitutional Amendment" to be known as "Article XIV." The following is the record:

The "amendment" has been ratified by the following States: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, Tennessee, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Missouri, Minnesota, Kansas, Wisconsin, Oregon, Nevada—21.

It has been rejected by the following States: Delaware, Maryland, Kentucky, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas and Arkansas—13.

The following States have not acted upon it: Iowa, California, Nebraska and Colorado—4.

CONVICTION OF A CITIZEN BY MILITARY COMMISSION IN SOUTH CAROLINA.—Before a military tribunal convened at Columbia, S. C., by order of General Canby, John McGinnis, a citizen, was arraigned on the charge of violating so much of General Order No. 10 as prohibits the carrying of deadly weapons. It appears from the testimony that he snapped a navy revolver at one soldier and threatened to shoot another. He was found guilty, but to conform the sentence in a measure to the spirit of the State law he was commuted to stand as follows:—To be confined at hard labor for the period of six months and to pay a fine of $500, which price, it unpaid, will be expiated by further imprisonment at the rate of $25 per month. Fort Macon is the place designated for his confinement.—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Herald.*

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS

THOMAS SMITH,

NO. 25 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, Va.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

DRY GOODS

IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA.

IN PRESENTING MY KIND PATRONS WITH a memorandum of stock for Fall Trade, I also take occasion to thank them for their liberal patronage, soliciting at the same time its future continuance, assuring them that no effort will be spared to make it to their interest as well as pleasure to make their purchases of me. The following memorandum, though incomplete, will give a sufficient idea of the general stock:

Ladies' Dress Goods.

Black and colored Silks, in great variety, Irish Poplins, Belgian and French Poplins, French Merino, Barathea, Poplin Reps, Crapes, Empress Cloths, Virginia Diagrals, Velentines Delaines, Mousseline de Laines, single and double width, in all the new shades, Bismarcks, &c. Shepherd and Scotch Plaids.

Embroideries and Laces.

Hanburg Edgings, Hanburg Insertings, Hanburg Flouncing, Needlework Edging, Needlework Inserting, Needlework Flouncings, Nainsook Edgings, Nainsook Insertings, Swiss and Cambric Collars, Swiss and Cambric Collars and Cuffs, Linen Collars and Cuffs, Crape Collars and Cuffs, Bugle Insertings and Edgings, Real Guipure Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Sets, Real Valentia Collars and Cuffs, Imitation Collars and Cuffs, Clunev Collars and Cuffs, Real Val. Laces, Real Thread Laces, Real Cluney Laces, Real Guipure and Honiton Lace, Real Brussels Lace, Real Bobbet Laces, Point Lace Handkerchiefs, Valentia Lace Handkerchiefs, Imitation Lace Handkerchiefs.

Sundries.

Cloaks, Shawls, in long and square, for Misses and Ladies, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Bugle and Ribbon Trimmings in large assortment; Jet, Silk and Velvet Buttons, Taffeta Ribbons, Narrow Watered Ribbon for Trimming, Belt Ribbons, Worsted and Alpaca Braids, Mohair Braids, Galoons and Stay Bindings, Corset Splits, Zigzag Braid, Star Braids, Magic Ruffling, Plain and Fancy Hair Nets, &c. Cains and Agate Buttons, Full lines of Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons.

Mourning Department.

Gro. Grain and Rept Silks, French Merino, Bombazine, Tissue, Canton Cloth, Bearetz, Crapes, Barathea, Poplins, Empress Cloth, Ugenias, Velentines, Persian Cloths, Mousilines, Challies, Alpacca and Mohair, all of the very best, Loupin's celebrated manufacture.

White Goods.

Plain, Plaid and Striped Cambric, Plain, Plaid and Striped Jaconet, Plain, Plaid and Striped Nainsook, Plain, Plaid and Striped Muff Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Swiss Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Bishop's Lawn, Soft finish Jaconets, Soft finish Cambrics, Soft finish Long Cloths, PeKay Marsailles, &c., Tarletons, white and colored, Organdies, Dotted and Figured Swiss, Brilliants, Patent shirting.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods.

Undervests, Drawers, Corsets, Lisle Thread Hose, Real English Hose, German Hosiery in great variety for Misses, Children and Ladies; Kid Gloves, Brown Hose, Ladies' Black and Slate Hose Kid Gloves in large assortment, white, black and colored, Berlin and Lisle Thread Gloves, in all sizes, Garters, Elastics, Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Real Shell, Horn and Gutta Percha Combs, Veils in Real Lace, Dotted, Bordered and Bugle-Trimmed Parasols, Fans, &c.

Domestics.

Bleached and Brown Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleached and Brown Jeans, Bleached and Brown Canton Flannel, Plaid, Striped and Plain Osnaburgs, Tickings, Denims, Hickney, Huckery, Dongoy, Calico in all the popular makes; Ginghams in every variety.

Housekeeping Department.

Flannels plain and fancy, Blankets, Carpets, Tapestry, Three-Ply, Superfine, Ingrain, in all wool and cotton chain, Venetian, Hemp and Cottage Carpets, Brussels, Rugs and Door Mats, Floor Oil Cloth, Lace Muslin, Brocatelle and Damask Curtains, Piano and Table Covers, Table Damask, Stair and Table Oil Cloths, Napkins, Doilies, Towels, Huckaback, Crash and Glass Linens, Linen and Cotton Sheetings in all widths, Pillow Linens, Marsailles Counterpanes, Jacquard and Cotton Diapers, Linen Diapers, Bird eye Diapers, Irish Linen, &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

All are respectfully invited to inspect my stock before making their purchases. My conviction is, the true way to success is to secure the interest of your customers by offering the smallest possible profit on goods. This has ever been my motto, and the large business heretofore done encourages me to adhere strictly to it.

THOMAS SMITH,

No. 25 Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.

Oct. 15—80-2w

MASONIC.

OFFICE OF GRAND SECRETARY, GRAND LODGE, MALDEN, N. C., Nov. 1, A. L. 5867, A. D. 1867.

The Grand Lodge F. A. M., of North Carolina will hold its next annual Communication in this City on the [illegible] of December, commencing at 7 o'clock, P. M.

Arrangements have been made by which the Grand Officers and Representatives can travel over the [illegible] for one fare.

D. W. BAIN, Grand Secretary.

Nov. 3—[illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

BACON! BACON!

A lot of nice N. C. BACON HAMS and SIDES just received on consignment, and for sale by

S. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.,

Oct. 26—83-tf

FOR SALE.

The best N. Y. GOSHEN BUTTER, and superior FACTORY CHEESE.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Oct. 19—83-tf Wholesale Grocers.

FOR RENT.

The House and Lot, corner of Newbern and Wilmington Streets.

Nov. 13—84-tf L. W. BAIR.

DIRECT TRADE! DIRECT TRADE!

The first class British Steamship

PROPONTIS,

of 2,000 tons burthen, will leave Liverpool on the 20th of October, and is expected in Norfolk, to load FOR LIVERPOOL DIRECT, about the 23rd of November.

For freight or passage, apply to

W. D. REYNOLDS & BRO., Agents, Norfolk, Va., or to A. M. McPHEETERS, Raleigh, N. C.

Nov. 4—3m.

To the Bond Holders of the North Carolina Rail Road Company.

Office N. C. Railroad Company, COMPANY SHOPS, N. C., Nov. 9th, 1867.

MOST OF YOU HAVING AGREED WITH MY predecessor, Mr. Webb to take new for your old bonds, I take this method of informing you we are now ready for the exchange.

To capitalists I would say, we will sell $300,000 of eight per cent. coupon bonds, secured by mortgage on the Road, and payable in five, ten, or twenty years, as the purchaser may desire,—interest payable semi-annually.

The debts of the Company is about $700,000.—Bonds to fund this debt will be issued.

The property mortgaged to secure the payment of these bonds is worth in currency seven millions of dollars. There can be no better security.

The bonds will be sold only at par.

JOSIAH TURNER, Jr., Pres't N. C. R. R. Co.

Nov. 13-6w

Important Sale of Real Estate.

ON FRIDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF DECEMBER next, at the Griswold Hotel, in Goldsboro', at the hour of 12 M., I shall offer for sale at public auction, a valuable Plantation, situated about four miles from Goldsboro', on Neuse River, adjoining the lands of David E. McKinne, William Davis, Needham Jennett, and Isaac H. Cox, containing about

FOURTEEN HUNDRED ACRES,

being the same on which Samuel Smith lately resided.

ALSO

two acres of Land in Everettsville. The said Plantation will be sold in lots, or in a body, to suit purchasers. For further particulars, apply to Samuel Smith at Everettsville, or to me at my office in Goldsboro'.

TERMS.—Five per cent cash; Bonds with approved sureties for the balance, at six, twelve and eighteen months, with interest from date, and the title retained until the purchase money is paid. W. G. MOORE,

Nov. 7-79-1awtd Trustee.

Bond Holders and other Creditors of the City of Wilmington, N. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED, AS CHAIRMAN of the Finance Committee of the City of Wilmington, desires information in detail as to the amount and character of the debt of the said city, which was contracted prior to 1st of January, 1866.—Holders of Bonds of the city are requested to communicate with the undersigned, stating the amount, the date, when issued, and when payable, and the rate of interest of the several bonds held. Also, the purpose (as expressed by the face of the same) for which the respective bonds held were issued, and the number of coupons for interests matured and remaining unpaid.

Nov. 14—85-1m S. D. WALLACE.

R. W. YORK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office, 40 Fayetteville Street.

RALEIGH, N. C.

PRACTICES IN THE COURTS OF WAKE, Chatham and Orange, in the Supreme Court, and the United States Circuit Court for North Carolina.

☞ Collections made any where in the State, if the claim, (principal and interest,) amounts to $500.

☞ Special attention given to cases in

BANKRUPTCY.

Refers to—Hon. W. H. Battle and Hon. R. G. Reade, Judges of the Supreme Court of North Carolina.

September 5—tf.

IMPORTANT LAND SALE.

ON THURSDAY, the 5th December next, the subscribers will sell, to the highest bidder, on a credit of one and two years, that highly improved and well known tract of land,

POMONA,

the residence of Seth Jones, deceased.

It is in Wake County, N. C., 15 miles Northwest of Raleigh, and contains **1250 ACRES**, but will be surveyed and sold in five tracts.

The House Tract will contain between five and six hundred ACRES, and will be sold first. The lower Orchard and Cider-press Tract next. The Brick-yard field next—each supposed to contain 200 acres. The Ambrose Tract next, supposed to contain 100 acres. Then the Bateman Tract supposed to contain 200 acres.

We will take pleasure in showing the land to any one wishing to purchase.

EDWARD A. CRUDUP
H. W. MONTAGUE,
Executors.

Nov. 4—wtd.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, PERSON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Term, 1867.

Wm. J. Wilkins, Adm'r of James W. Sibley, vs. James L. Sibley, heir-at-law of Jas. W. Sibley.	*Petition to make Real Estate Assets.*

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendant in the above entitled cause is not a resident of the State, it is ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the Raleigh *Sentinel*, notifying said Defendant of the filing of this petition, and that he appear at the next term of this Court, to be held in the Court House in Roxboro', on the 3rd Monday in December next, and show cause, if any he have, why the petition should not be granted or judgment pro confesso will be granted against him.

Witness S. Y. BROWN, Clerk of our said Court, at office the 3rd Monday of September, 1867.

Nov. 16—w6w SAM'L T. BROWN, C. C. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, TRIMBLE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, October Term, 1867.

Joseph Hoskins vs. Trimigin S. Vanhorn	*Original Attachment.*

In this case it appears to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant, T. S. Vanhorn, absents himself so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him: *Ordered*, that publication be made in the Raleigh *Sentinel*, for six weeks, for him to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held for the County of Tyrrell, at the Court House in Columbia, on the fourth Monday in January next, then and there to answer and plead, or judgment will be taken against him, and the property levied on, &c., condemned to satisfy the plaintiff's claims.

Witness T. H. ALEXANDER, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Columbia, the 4th Monday of October, 1867.

THOS. H. ALEXANDER, C. C. C.

Nov. 2—w6w

RAILROADS.

IMPORTANT TO

CAROLINA SHIPPERS.

THE NEW

Baltimore and Carolina Grand Trunk

FREIGHT LINE,

VIA PETERSBURG, VA.,

Comprising the following great Freight Routes:

THE POWHATAN

Steamboat Company's Freight Line of Steamers,

PETERSBURG AND WELDON,

RALEIGH AND GASTON,

NORTH CAROLINA,

WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA,

WILMINGTON AND WELDON,

ATLANTIC AND NORTH CAROLINA,

WILMINGTON AND MANCHESTER,

CHARLOTTE AND SOUTH CAROLINA R. R.,

And their connections.

Time Quick and Rates Low.

THIS NEW TRUNK LINE FORMS A GREAT FREIGHT ROUTE between Baltimore and Weldon, Warrenton, Raleigh, Hillsboro', Lexington, Salisbury, Morganton, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Goldsboro', Newbern, Beaufort, Wilmington, Chesterville, Wilmsboro', Columbia, Sumterville, Manchester, and all intermediate points on and near these great Railways and their connections.

The Powhatan Steamers connect at Petersburg with Petersburg Railway for all points in the Carolinas. Cars are run alongside of Steamers' Wharf and goods transferred with careful handling. Cars are run through without breaking bulk between Petersburg and Raleigh, Charlotte, Goldsboro', Wilmington, &c., &c. This Inland Line possesses many advantages over a Sea Route. Marine risk is small and insurance is comparatively nothing. The Wharf of the Powhatan Steamers being situated in the very centre of the great shipping district of Baltimore, renders it convenient to shippers, and drayage is very small.

Great attention paid to consignments of Cotton, Corn, Wheat, Rosin, &c. &c. All produce forwarded at the lowest possible rates.

☞ To insure transportation over this Inland Fast Line, mark all goods, whether Northward or Southward bound, "VIA PETERSBURG."

☞ Freight landed in Baltimore day following delivery to the Steamers.

Through Receipts are given and fixed rate per 100 pounds guaranteed both ways.

Steamers leave every day except Sunday, via Bay Line and Portsmouth to and from Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

N. B. With regard to last named points, freight is forwarded to and from Petersburg by Philadelphia and N. Y. Steamers.

For rates and all further information, apply to any Freight Agent on the Line, or at the

OFFICE OF THE POWHATAN STEAMBOAT CO., 20 Light St. Wharf, Baltimore.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Pres. Powhatan Steamboat Co.
R. B. PEGRAM, Sup't Petersburg Railroad.
A. B. ANDREWS, Sup't Raleigh & Gaston R. R.
JAMES ANDERSON, Sup't N. C. R. R.
C. BOURKNIGHT, Sup't Charlotte & S. C. R. R.
S. L. FREMONT, Sup't Wil. & Weldon R. R.
J. V. JORDAN, Act. Mas. Trans. Atlantic and N. C. Railroad.
WM. M'RAE, Sup't Wil. & Manchester R. R.

Sept. 20—3m

OFFICE NORTH CAROLINA R. R. CO., COMPANY SHOPS, N. C., October 17th, 1867.

On and after this date the following will be the schedule for Passenger Trains over this Road:

Leave Charlotte daily	3.40 P. M.
" Greensboro'	4.11 A. M.
" Raleigh	10.05 " "
Arrive at Goldsboro'	2.00 P. M.
Leave Goldsboro'	12.22 P. M.
" Raleigh	3.50 " "
" Greensboro'	9.10 " "
Arrive in Charlotte	2.54 A. M.

Through passengers by this line, have choice of routes, via Greensboro' and Danville to Richmond, or via Raleigh and Weldon to Portsmouth or Richmond, arriving at all points North of Richmond at the same time by either route.

Connection is made at Goldsboro' with the passenger trains on the Wilmington and Weldon Road for and from Wilmington, and by Freight Train to Weldon.

JAS. ANDERSON, Oct. 18—82-3m Sup't.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 14th, 1867.

On and after October 15th, 1867, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	10.10 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	3.17 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10.35 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	3.50 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	7.00 A. M.
" Arrives at Raleigh	5.00 P. M.

The Mail Trains make sure connections with all points North.

A. B. ANDREWS, Oct. 15—80-tf Supt. of Trans.

☞ Register and Standard copy tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

RECEIVED DAILY AT

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

COME ONE AND ALL, AND LOOK AT ONE of the finest collections of

DRESS GOODS,
PRINTS AND DELAINES,
FLANNELS, WHITE AND COLORED,
IRISH LINENS,
TABLE COVERS,
TOWELLINGS AND NAPKINS,
LACE CURTAINS,
BLANKETS, WHITE AND COLORED.

250 Square and Long Shawls

for Ladies and Children, to be sold at prices to suit the times.

Cloth Cloaks, Breakfast Shawls, Sontags, Nubias, Woolen Hoods, Balmoral Skirts, and Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children's

HOSIERY AND GLOVES

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Also a fine assortment of Ice cutaways

Miles & Son's Philadelphia Shoes.

INDIA RUBBER OVER-SHOES, for Ladies, Misses, and Children.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, JEANS, AND KERSEYS,

For Men and Boys' wear.

Also a fine lot of Ladies' and Gent's Travelling Trunks, Valises, and Hand-Bags at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

☞ And more Goods Coming. ☜

Oct. 7—82-tf

Wanted.

TO EXCHANGE OTHER BANK NOTES FOR $5 and $10 in bank of Washington Notes.

Nov. 7—79-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

DRY GOODS.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods, for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

October 4, 1867—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BERLINER MALT EXTRACT!

OR

Dr. Hollender's Beer of Health!

$4 Per Dozen.

AN EMINENT NOURISHING AND strengthening remedy for all diseases of the

BREAST AND STOMACH,

GENERAL WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY.

ALSO,

DYSPEPSIA,

and a great nourishment for convalescents.

MOTHERS, unable to give sufficient natural nourishment to their infants, will find this Extract a remarkable remedy.

It has been examined by the highest Medical authorities and approved to be not alone a very healthy, but extraordinary strengthener, and is successfully used in all Hospitals in Europe and the Northern Cities.

In compliance with the desire of a number of Physicians, we have introduced a second, lighter quality, at

$2,50 Per Dozen.

By this arrangement, every class of the public is enabled to provide this healthy remedy and thereby preserve their health.

PHIL. THIEM,

Sole Agent for North Carolina.

HANZ & MICHEL'S

CELEBRATED

LAGER BEER,

BREMEN.

$3 Per Dozen (PINT BOTTLES.)

A Genuine Imported Article.

PHIL. THIEM,

Sole Agent for America.

Oct. 9—84-3m

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA,

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. R. GRETTER, General Agent, Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL. THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 31—75-tf

ALMANACS FOR 1868.

WE SHALL HAVE

NORTH CAROLINA ALMANACS

ready for our customers in due time for the Fall and Winter trade.

The matter and style will be better than usual, and the price cheap to suit the times.

WILKINSON, FARRAR & CO.

July 25-2?-tf

JUST RECEIVED,

SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS,
SOLE LEATHER VALISES,
MOROCCO AND LEATHER TRAVELING BAGS, in great variety,

At R. B. ANDREWS & Co's

Gent's Furnishing Room,

Nov. 13—84-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

Turner's N. C. Almanac for 1868.

WE SHALL PUBLISH, in a few days, the "SECOND" EDITION of the above Almanac.

We have reduced the price to $5 per hundred, or $60 per the round.

Send your orders to

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH, Booksellers and Stationers.

Raleigh, Oct. 31—85-tf

SPECIAL TERM OF WAKE SUPERIOR COURT.

It appearing to the Court that the Civil business of this Court is too great to be done at the regular term thereof, it is ordered by the Court that a SPECIAL TERM of the said Court be held for said County, to commence on the Wednesday before the third Monday in December next, A. D. 1867, (which is the 11th day of the month) and continue until the end of the following week, if necessary.

All witnesses summoned in the civil causes of said Court, who may be bound to attend the next regular term of the Court, (except in criminal cases,) shall attend the special term under the same rules, forfeitures and penalties, and with the same privileges, as if the term were a regular term.

Witness, JOHN N. DUNTING, Clerk of our said Court, at office, in Raleigh, the first Monday after the fourth Monday in September, A.D. 1867.

Oct. 9—w6t. JOHN N. DUNTING, Clk.

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large Supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL, Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY [illegible] OF TURPENTINE FROM MARSH.

July 11-2?-1y

FIRST OF THE SEASON!!

NO. 1 FAMILY MACKEREL.

Just received and for sale by

DOUGLAS BELL, Oct. 3, 1867. Market Square.

Turner's N. C. Almanac for 1868.

WE SHALL PUBLISH, in a few days, the "SECOND" EDITION of the above Almanac.

We have reduced the price to $5 per hundred, or $60 per the round.

Send your orders to

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH, Booksellers and Stationers.

Raleigh, Oct. 31—85-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS,

ZANESVILLE, OHIO.

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These Engines and Mills have received the first premium over all competitors. They afford the best, cheapest, and most economical power in use and excel in power any Engines made in the Union.

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July 29-2?-tf

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Do not be induced, by any kind of representation, to buy a Machine, until you examine these.

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FINE CLOTH SACKS,

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Silk-Mixed Business Suits,

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Just received. I warrant every barrel first class Family Flour.

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Terms moderate. Apply to

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ENGLISH Waffle and Wafer Irons. Long handle.

Counter, Platform and Revolving Scales,

Adze Eye Carpenter's Hammers,

Smooth, Sash and Fore Planes, double and single Iron,

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[LATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.]

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CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

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For regulating the Bowels, and the sure cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has so superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommended them.

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Call and get a [illegible]

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E. H. SAUNDERS, Manufacturing Chemist, Chapel Hill, N. C.

Feb 1-120-tf For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

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AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED.

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERED Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. As Ithe best Tonic to establish a state of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally.—For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact whenever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston, Dr. Jones, one of the most extensive and well known Physicians in the Southern states, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefitted by the use of these Bitters.

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Feb 1-120-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.

For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, WAKE COUNTY.

In Equity, Fall Term, 1867.

Thomas L. Jones and others, Ex parte.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The Sentinel, is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

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THE SENTINEL.

WM. R. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1867.

CONGRESS AND THE COTTON TAX—SLAVERY AND FREEDOM.

It appears to be very generally believed, that Congress will, at an early day after the 1st. proximo, repeal the cotton tax. It will be also proposed to refund the tax already collected, but the difficulty of determining justly to whom the tax shall be refunded, whether to the original owner or to the buyer or buyers, will probably prevent this. The tax has to a great extent operated as a bonus to the foreign producer of cotton, and the continued decline of the article in Europe indicates that the grower of cotton in the South will only reap a partial advantage from the repeal of the tax.

The continuance of the tax up to the present time has had a tendency to discourage its future production in the South, to the extent attempted within the last two years. The tax has borne as heavily upon the colored laborer on shares as upon the land-owner, and the trial of its culture at the wages demanded by the freedmen, under the untoward seasons we have had, has served to impress many planters, as well as laborers, that this hitherto great article of commerce in the South is nearly "done for." Planters, we believe, are pretty generally convinced, that the system of planting cotton on a large scale, (the only plan which seemed to justify the employment of able-bodied freedmen at the wages required,) to the neglect of bread-stuffs and provisions, cannot longer be pursued. For the most part, for the next year, planters will be compelled, by the force of circumstances, to hire fewer hands and to purchase less fertilizers, and consequently to put in a much smaller crop of cotton.

While, however, the bad seasons and the cotton tax have contributed their full share of discouragement, the *great* source of the discouragement, if not of the annihilation of the cotton culture of the South, is to be traced to the blind policy of the Radicals in regard to the colored race. This policy has tended directly to impress indelibly upon the colored race that freedom and the civil and political equality of the black with the white race, could not mean the right to choose their own employer and to receive a full consideration for their labor to be expended as they thought proper, but that it meant that they were to be so free, that they might work or not as they pleased, and that, whether they worked or not, either the government or the white people must provide for them.

We have not met with a colored man, whether intelligent or otherwise, who exercised the right of suffrage in support of the Radical party, who does not seem to be fully convinced that it must, in some way or other, redound to his pecuniary profit. The idea that suffrage is conferred upon him, with the view of enabling him to protect his civil rights and to impose upon him the responsibilities of government, seems not to have entered his head. Personal pecuniary advantage, either in the shape of an office, or some easy berth by which he and his family are to be clothed and fed, or profit to come at an early day in the shape of "forty acres and a mule," is the all-pervading sentiment. The "free negroes," or the old issue, and many of the more intelligent freedmen in our towns and cities, it is true, laugh at the delusions of the more ignorant freedmen, who hug to their bosoms the idea of "forty acres and a mule," yet all of them seem to connect substantial pecuniary gain with the exercise of suffrage, to be realized, in some form, as a *right* belonging to them and their race. And it is because of the prevalence of this idea among the blacks, that their feelings of hostility and resentment to those of their race, who, exercising a freer choice, have dared to vote in some few instances the Conservative ticket, seem to be so strong.

It is, therefore, to this idea of *equality* with the white race, which has been inculcated among the blacks, to their actual exercise of the right of suffrage, and to the notion of *real*, tangible benefits which they expect to ensure to them from the exercise of this equality, that must be traced the general and growing indisposition among the blacks to work as hired laborers, and to work for a year under instructors and overseers, or the superintendence of the owners of the land. Hence their unwillingness to be held to a strict accountability for their indolence or negligence, their inattention to stock of various kinds on the farm, and to the labor and care necessary to keep open the drains or to keep up the enclosures.

With such a class of laborers, growing daily more indifferent to the claims of their employers, more and more exorbitant in their demands for wages, rendered necessary by the fact that their wives and children have ceased to perform their accustomed share of labor in the fields, and with the enormous competition, under a far cheaper system of labor, which the cotton planters in the Southern States now have in the cotton producers of India, Egypt and South America, what grounds are there to hope that the Southern States can ever expect again to contest the palm in this great staple? We believe that the Radical idea of negro equality, and, consequently, negro supremacy, in the Southern States, will entirely blot out the cotton crop as a great Southern commodity, and will render them for the next fifty years wholly unable to recuperate or to bear their former proportion in the support of the government.

The system of slavery in the Southern States, in so short a period, had wrought wonders in the improvement of this barbarous race. Their rapid increase, the necessary cost of their raising, the labor expended upon their training and the care necessary for their economical, moral and religious improvement, had consumed the entire wealth which they and their owners had produced. All the Mission fields of the world, with their immense cost, had not produced a tithe such a harvest to Christianity as Southern slavery, yet great as their improvement had been, it was far from being equal to the task of independence and the exercise of self-government. Perhaps, their freedom was a necessary contribution, on the part of the Southern people, to the peace of the country. But their freedom, and entire security in all civil rights, was a sacrifice of sufficient magnitude for the Southern people to make, and it was a boon fully as great as the black race could appreciate or profit by. Caused to self-reliance and self-provision for their wants, improvident almost to a proverb, they still needed the guiding hand, the culture and the training of those among whom they had been reared, to fit them for self-government. On the day they were freed, the Southern people owed the race nothing but kindness and friendship, and a willingness to help them in their new condition. Their freedom at one swoop destroyed all the wealth the South had. All the other property of the South was covered over and hampered with debt. It was as little, therefore, as the government could have done, after abolishing slavery, to have placed the freedmen in such relations to the white race, as would have encouraged each to labor for the recuperation of the country and the mutual improvement and welfare of both races. But this would not do for partizan and sectional hate, and the continuance of Radical power. The negro in a day must be made to solve the problem of self-government,—a problem hardly yet solved by the Anglo-Saxon race, after a trial of many centuries. The result will be, that the blood and treasure spent in forcing the Southern States to remain in the Union will prove a worthless expenditure, so utterly ruined and so costly an appendage must the Southern States prove to be to the nation, under the phantasm of negro equality and negro supremacy.

NORTH CAROLINA.

We have, heretofore, had some respect for the New York *Tribune*, not on account of its principles or opinions, but because of its moderation and occasional exhibitions of magnanimity, justice and truth. But it is evident that Mr. Greely is giving too much licence to mendacious contributors or sub-editors. It is only the other day that the *Register* of this city, belonging to the same school of politics, had to animadvert roundly upon some of the *Tribune's* ridiculous statements. The following is another specimen of the same sort:

"The stereotyped, incessantly iterated falsehood that the Republican party in the South is a negro party, has received no more signal, overwhelming rebuke than in the late North Carolina election. A very decided majority of her registered voters are whites; her people are white by a large majority; of her 87 counties, but thirteen have more blacks than whites. She is eminently a white Conservative State; having gone heavily for Harrison in 1840, and decidedly for Clay in '44. Her population is almost wholly native to her soil; and in 1860 but 331,081 were slaves out of a total of 992,667. Yet in spite of a damaging feud among the Republican leaders (whites) she has just rolled up 25,000 majority for a Convention, and at the same time elected a large majority of Radicals as delegates.

That Convention—representing no caste, no faction, but the whole people—will soon meet, and will waste little time in framing a constitution adapted to her wants and needs, securing equal rights to all her citizens regardless of color. A governor and legislature will thereupon be elected, and representatives chosen to and welcomed to seats in both houses of Congress. That done, is there a human being blind or mad enough to suppose that it can ever be undone?

It is not false, but true to the letter, that the Republican party in the South is a negro party, if the entire black vote of the South, with a comparatively slight mingling of white faces, can give character or color to a party. Nor is the matter changed in North Carolina. She *is*, truly, a Conservative State and hence can never be Radical. There are in the State some Radical Yankees and a few Radical natives, whose bad blood and bad disposition can only find free vent in controlling and associating with the blacks, but the great body of the whites neither approve of or sanction the Radical platform of reconstruction. The success of Radicalism, in the late election, is due wholly to the indifferences of the white people,—40,000 of whom stayed away from the polls. The Convention, therefore, is *no representative* of our whole people, but of the blacks and a very meagre portion of our *meagre* white people.

THE LOUISIANA RECONSTRUCTION CONVENTION.—This mongrel assemblage met in New Orleans on the 23rd., as stated in our yesterday's telegram. *Forty-four negro delegates* and twenty-five whites were present. Negroes were chosen as temporary Chairman and Secretary, and negroes have since been made permanent Secretary, Sergeant at arms, &c. Is this America and nineteenth century civilization, or is it Africa and barbarism?

IN THE ALABAMA negro panjandrum, called, by courtesy, a Convention, an article of the Constitution has been reported, establishing five schools in every district; and a motion to provide that the schools be separate for white children and black picaninnies was tabled,—ayes 58, nays 27. *Social* equality is now the shibboleth of the Alabama nigger Conventionists.

AT THE RECENT Radical jubilation in this City, one of the negro speakers indulged in the following strain of glorification:

"Heretofore, such men only as Badger or Saunders could be sent to Congress, but now, thank God! we can send a James H. Harris!"

If anybody can "do justice to the subject," we yield the palm. We confess we cannot.

Governor Andrew and Sumner had a quarrel of long standing, but made it up before the ex-Governor died.

THE UNION LEAGUES.

The mischievous and dangerous political machines, called Union Leagues or Red String Clubs, &c., so far as their printed or written formulæ are concerned, do not propose any thing injurious. On its face, the ostensible object of the League is to promote the Union and to protect and benefit its members. Confined to its legitimate purposes during the war, possibly but little objection might be made to it. But since the war, it has been converted into one of the most dangerous political engines ever introduced into the country. So far from being a promoter of the Union, it is really a disunion affair. So far from looking to the protection and interest of Union whits men, it has been made the most formidable instrument for the establishment of negro supremacy in the South, which could have been instituted. White men, under its oaths and compulsory apparatus, are made the dupes of the Radical party, and are forced directly to vote for the elevation of the negro in political power above their own race in the State, and to place in the hands of the black race the balance of the political power in the government.

To induce white men to join these Leagues, they are assured that their property will be secure from confiscation,—that the offices will be kept in the control of the white Radicals and that the whole matter of government will be managed in the interests of the poor laboring white men of the Country. It is wonderful what influence these delusions have had, and it is evident that the deceptions are still kept up, and that hundreds, if not thousands, of white men are thus made the dupes of a scheme which must ultimately ruin them.

It is perfectly plain, therefore, that the first duty of the people of the State, who are opposed to the rule of the negro and of worthless whites who are without character, is to determine, by all fair means, *to break down* these Union Leagues in the State. They are the sworn foes of the white race—the enemies of peace, quiet and order, and the instruments, in the hands of the ignorant and the vicious, to overturn the liberties of the people. Respectable white and colored men everywhere, who have been betrayed into them, must be urged to abandon them. Members of these Leagues must be made to understand that they will not be employed by farmers or mechanics—that to be a member of a secret political association is a crime against the peace of society sufficient to banish its members from the confidence and association of the public.—Such persons cannot be employed as domestics or laborers, without imminent hazard and injury to every family. They are but spies and enemies, to be nursed and cared for, and rendered the more fit to be the instruments of our ruin.

THE PRESENT WEEK has witnessed the extraordinary spectacle of the President of the late Confederate States arraigned for endeavoring to break up the Union, and the President of the United States arraigned for seeking to restore the Union! The latter "offence" is regarded by the Radicals as much more heinous than the former.

CONSERVATIVE MEETING IN ORANGE.

At a meeting of the Conservatives of Orange County, held in the Court House in Hillsboro, on Tuesday, Nov. 26th, 1867, on motion, Rev. Geo. W. Purefoy was called to the Chair and M. W. Moore and Col. R. F. Webb appointed Secretaries.

The Chairman, on taking his seat, in a short and appropriate speech, announced the object of the meeting, which was to select delegates to attend the Conservative Convention to be held in the City of Raleigh, on the 11th. day of December next.

H. K. Nash, Esq., and Maj. Jno. W. Graham, being called upon, addressed the meeting and urged upon the Conservatives the importance of uniting and preparing themselves to meet all the issues that may come before them.

On motion, Hon. W. A. Graham, P. C. Cameron, Esq., Hon. S. F. Phillips, M. W. Moore, Col. R. F. Webb, Geo. W. Jones, R. F. Morris, Jno. McCown, Wm. Allison, D. C. Parish, A. W. Cheek, Alvis Durham, H. K. Nash, Esq., W. W. Guess, H. M. C. Strowd, E. M. Holt, Col. J. C. Webb, Thos. D. Oldham, Maj. Jno. W. Graham, Dr. Pride Jones, Nelson F. Hall, Jno. B. Leathers, Jno. F. Lyon, Hon. Josiah Turner, Jr., Harvey Hughes, Lambert W. Hall, Major Green, Addison Maogum and Pendleton Cole were appointed delegates to the Conservative Convention to meet in Raleigh at the time above mentioned.

On motion, the Chairman, G. W. Purefoy, was added to the number.

On motion, these proceedings were ordered to be published in the Raleigh *Sentinel* and Hillsboro *Recorder*.

There being no further business before the meeting, on motion, it was adjourned.

GEO. W. PUREFOY, Chairman.

M. W. MOORE, R. F. WEBB, } Secretaries.

THE RADICAL PROGRAMME.—The New York *Times* says that during the present session of Congress "a most strenuous and determined effort will be made to make *Radicalism* the corner stone of the Republican party—to base it upon *the absolute political and social equality of the black and white races in every State and throughout the Union*—an equality to be asserted as a national principle and maintained by the national authority and power," and that unless this is done, the threat is, "*the party shall be broken in two.*" The *Times* infers from the elections of the last few months that *the people of the United States are not yet prepared to accept this as a national principle, and that a canvass conducted on that basis will result in its defeat.*"

Mr. Wm. Boyd and wife, of Floyd county, Ky., are undoubtedly the oldest couple in that or any other State, he being one hundred and ten and his wife one hundred and seven years of age. His oldest son is ninety years of age. Mr. Boyd went seven miles to his voting precinct at the last election to vote.

A lady was murdered recently by a negro at Mt. Pleasant, Maury County, Tennessee. She had just arrived from West Tennessee, on a visit to her friends, and while walking in the garden was approached by the negro, who laid violent hands on her, cut her throat with a knife, and then made his escape.

OYSTERS.—We were informed yesterday that the average daily shipments of oysters from Norfolk to points beyond it amount to 20,000 bushels. Add this amount to that consumed by Norfolk and Portsmouth, and we may assume that the supply is inexhaustible as the receipts are increasing.—*Norfolk Journal.*

For the Sentinel.

THE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM.

Will you, Messrs Editors, allow me to say a few words more on "The University System?" The present interest of the subject might well justify perhaps a fuller discussion and the public mind needs light on every aspect of it. I wish now, however, to speak of only the "elective" feature of that system. Having endeavored to guard your readers against the error of mistaking a method of election for the "system," of which it is a part only, and by no means the most important part,—as it is in fact rather incidental to it than essential,—I may now say that the elective scheme has certain advantages while kept within due bounds. I say, kept within due bounds, because the practice of an election falls in with certain evil tendencies of our day and country, and may easily be carried to a dangerous excess. The danger—we see traces if it everywhere,—is one that arises out of the practical character, as we call it, of our people. We are fond of short cuts; are unwilling to bestow on anything more labor than we must; are easily satisfied with what will barely *do*. We must reach our end speedily, or we become impatient. And so, instead of aiming steadily at what is most perfect of its kind, and being willing to take the needful pains to attain what is thus perfect, we are content with the current notions of well doing, and are not dissatisfied if—provided our labor be slight also—we fall short somewhat even of them. We see this tendency in scores of cases everywhere around us. Our merchants have not much enterprise. Our farmers are—the most of them—content to till the earth just as their fathers did. In the ranks of professional men, how few push their researches beyond the ordinary needs of daily practice—how few attempt even to grasp the principles that lie beneath the familiar processes, or feel in any degree the impulses of a scientific interest, or yield to those even of an intelligent curiosity! The Physician is too often satisfied to know simply the symptoms and remedies of the diseases that prevail in his neighborhood, and the Lawyer seeks no more law than will fit the cases he has in hand. And as for intelligence in matters beyond the range of merely professional subjects—saving politics and newspapers—how seldom do we find it, or any sense of its value.

When one would estimate the worth of our people as an intelligent community, he is struck at once and most painfully with this narrowness—a narrowness in the extent of our attainments, and in the scope of our desire to know. We rather pride ourselves on being *practical*, and so confine our thoughts and efforts to matters of immediate advantage, or, as we phraze it, to what will pay. We forget in all this that our world is moving, that all science is progressive, and the discoveries made to-day, and which must be barren of any present fruit, are the very things that are to be most profitable in the next generation. This narrowness in regard to science and literature and all studious methods is precisely what the "penny wise and pound foolish" principle is in the affairs of business. As the one excludes all possibility of great gains, so the other shuts out all likelihood of intellectual advancement. We see too much of its melancholy influence already. We must shake it off for the future. We must renounce it altogether and everywhere.

Least of all is it our policy to *encourage* the application of this principle to our schemes and methods of education. When one has entered on his course of Professional education, his scheme of studies is of necessity limited to definite and restricted dimensions; his mental habits must be adjusted to his special pursuit, and the books he reads must be chosen for the same end. The preliminary career of the Physician and of the Lawyer must be as unlike as their career is to be. But in the earlier stages of education, while one is yet at school or in College, this limitary method has no value and should find no place. The main thing to be regarded at this stage of the student's progress—with thoroughness and accuracy of course—is breadth and variety. This is the tentative period, and when the manifold methods of thought and inquiry are to be learned, and a rich variety of facts to be gathered; when simply the pupil is to be fitted for a course of life whose precise direction has not yet been determined; and so a style of study and of instruction is then demanded that will fit him to enter as well on one as another of those future courses. It would plainly be most unwise to confine him entirely or mainly within a range which has a special adaptation to one only of the professions on which he may possibly enter. Cicero's notion of the *commune vinculum* may not be safely overlooked, and every effort should be directed rather towards enlargement of thought and breadth of attainment.

The inference from such considerations obviously is that "the elective system" should be introduced at a rather late period in the order of preliminary, that is of school and College, education. There may be a necessity to yield to a somewhat general clamor on this subject. But the change when made should be made with caution, and gradually, and at present by way of experiment. No doubt, ample facilities should be given those whose time or means forbid them the advantages of a "full course" of preliminary education, and to this end the several departments in our Colleges may be made more independent of each other, but it seems clearly unwise to *encourage* or compel men to an "election." Let all such institutions aim at breadth, not narrowness, at a generous expansion and enlargement, if they would do the best service.

IDEM.

THE NEW YORK HERALD ON "MASTERLY INACTIVITY."

The *Herald* says:

"The Southern white policy of "masterly inactivity" on this business of reconstruction, which was first developed in the Louisiana election, seems to have gained strength since the recent Northern elections. The idea seems to be that the next Congress from the North will be so far anti-Radical as to completely demolish the existing Radical programme and restore the outside States on the platform of President Johnson. But while the present Radical House of Representatives will doubtless be superseded by a Conservative House on the 4th. of March, 1869, the present Radical Senate can hardly be upset inside of four years to come. The Southern whites of the outside States, therefore, while looking to the future for better conditions than those now before them, should be prepared to avail themselves of any reasonable concessions which may be offered from the present Congress, so as to get reinstated in the government as soon as possible."

A colored person died lately in Mississippi who had been servant to the Attorney General of Virginia in the time of George the Third.

An Illinoisan, whose wife had run away from him, received $100 from the other man as compensation, and said it was the best bargain he had ever made.

The following conundrum is from the *Tomahawk*: What is the difference between a watchmaker and a jailor? One sells watches and the other watches cells.

Drake, of Missouri, has attempted an answer to Reverdy Johnson's pamphlet on the condition of the country, and made ducks and drakes of it.

REFUSES TO SERVE WITH NEGROES.—A gallant Major in the U. S. army during the war, was yesterday summoned as a grand juror, but refused to serve with negroes.—*Rich. Whig.*

The Newark *Journal* makes the Democratic majority in New Jersey 17,924—the largest vote ever given by any party in the State.

Mr. A. T. Stewart's sales last week were heavier than ever previously. In the silk department alone, the sales reached $35,000.

DIED:

In Newbern, on the 25th inst., after a short illness, CHARLES KELLY, Esq., in the 71st year of his age.

We have known few better, more useful citizens than Mr. Kelly. He filled various local offices in his County with great fidelity, and was for many years an efficient and active Justice of the Peace. As a man of business, he was strict, prompt and true; as a neighbor kind and obliging, and as a father and husband none have been more devoted. He was for many years an active and influential member of the Baptist Church, and his life was a living commentary upon its profession. He died in peace and rests with Jesus.

P.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Wanted.

A SITUATION AS TEACHER, by a young lady who has had some experience, and is capable of instructing in the usual English branches, French and Music.

Good references given and required. Apply to MISS ELEANOR MIDDLETON, Care Dr. W. B. MILLER.

Nov. 28—97-3t* Raleigh, N. C.

Fresh Arrival.

WESTERN EMPIRE COOK STOVES, Nos. 6 to 9. Furnished complete.

ALSO

1 dozen Iron Bench Screws.

J. BROWN,

Raleigh, Nov. 28—4t With Hart & Lewis.

Gunny Bagging and Rope at Very Low Figures.

I DESIRE SPECIALLY TO CALL THE attention of Planters to my large stock of cheap Gunny Bagging and Rope:

5,000 7/8 Gunny Bagging at 23 cts per yard.

50 coils of Rope at 10 cts. per pound Cut to suit purchasers. Call soon or you lose the chance.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS, Grocer and Commission Merchant, No. 26 Fayetteville St., Raleigh

☞ Special attention paid to the sale and purchase of produce.

Nov. 28—97-tf

THE RALEIGH THESPIAN ASSOCIATION

WILL GIVE THEIR FIRST REPRESENTATION in

TUCKER HALL,

On Friday Evening, Nov. 29th,

On which occasion will be presented the Drama of

RIP VAN WINKLE,

To be succeeded by the popular farce of

THE IRISH TUTOR.

The proceeds of these exhibitions, after defraying expenses, will be devoted to charitable purposes.

Admission 50 cents; colored persons and children 25 cents. Reserved seats 75 cents.

The front and left galleries appropriated for colored people.

Nov. 28—97-1t

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

ALL COME TO

CREECH'S!!!

SECOND GRAND OPENING OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

I AM NOW RECEIVING MY SECOND STOCK of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS.

My stock is LARGE and COMPLETE, and bought since the decline, and I am happy to say to my friends and customers that I can, and will, sell them Goods CHEAPER than they have bought them since the war.

Keep it Before the People,

That no House in the City can or will sell Goods cheaper than I will.

My House is a live House, and I do a LIVE BUSINESS.

COME TO CREECH'S

To buy your Goods

I buy NEW Goods and GOOD STYLES, and will sell them at PRICES to meet the hard times. Just received,

40 Cases Boots and Shoes,

And will be sold at prices to suit you.

Don't Forget to Come to Creech's

Before you buy your Goods. I will treat you right.

A. CREECH,

R. SMITH'S corner, Fayetteville St.

Nov. 28—97-tf

COTTON GINS, COTTON PRESSES Horse Powers. H. L. EMRY & Son's Universal Gin and Condenser, The Georgia Cotton Gin, Gullet's Steel Brush Gin, Ingersoll's Cotton Press, Lever and Railway Horse Powers, Cotton Bagging, Baling Rope, Patent Cotton Ties, Leath'r and Rubber Belting, Lace Leather, &c.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,

Aug. 30—20-1t Newbern, N. C.

The Godwin Cotton Press, Again!

NOT BEING PLEASED WITH THE PRESS equipage sent out, I have visited New York and had the work done

CHEAPER AND BETTER.

Farmers had better send their orders to me, accompanied by $45, or a good check or draft, if they would have their orders filled promptly, properly, and cheaply.

I will sell

COUNTY AND STATE RIGHTS

cheap. Count the profits of my Superior Press and make me an offer. J. H. GODWIN,

Oct. 31—73-1m Scotland Neck, N. C.

USEFUL AND GOOD BOOKS.

The Reason Why—applied to Natural History. Price $1.90.

The Reason Why—applied to Natural Science. Price $1.90.

Tytler's Universal History, 6 vols., per set $4.50.

Whelpley's Compend of History, 2 vols in one, $2.00.

Macaulay's History of England, 5 vols., per set $10.00.

Macaulay's Hist. of England, 5 vols in one, $3.25.

For sale by BRANSON, FARRAR & CO., Booksellers and Stationers,

Oct. 29—76-tf Raleigh, N. C.

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

WHITE LEAD, in 25 pound cans.

Spirits Turpentine, by the barrel or retail.

Coach Body and Brown Japan Varnish.

ALSO

Paints for Coach Making, in small tin boxes,

J. BROWN,

Raleigh, Oct. 18—4t For Hart & Lewis.

BEAUTIFUL REFINED LARD, in 25 lb Buckets. Putup expressly for Family use. For sale by DOUGLAS BELL,

Nov. 5—77-tf Market Square.

FOR SALE

Best English Breakfast Tea, black.

" Gunpowder " green.

" Imperial " "

PULLIAM, JONES, & CO.,

Sept. 23—40-tf Wholesale Grocers.

MEDICINES, &C.

THE GREAT

SOUTHERN BLOOD MEDICINE.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT

OF

ROSADALIS,

A SAFE AND CERTAIN CURE

(AND THE ONLY ONE YET DISCOVERED)

FOR

SCROFULA,

IN ITS VARIOUS FORMS,

Such as Consumption, in its early stages, Enlargement and Ulceration of the Glands, Joints, Bones, Kidneys, Uterus, Chronic Rheumatism, Eruptions of the Skin, Chronic Sore Eyes, &c.

ALSO

SYPHILIS, in all its forms,

DISEASES OF WOMEN,

LOSS OF APPETITE,

SICK HEADACHE,

LIVER COMPLAINT,

PAIN IN THE BACK,

IMPRUDENCE IN LIFE,

GRAVEL,

GENERAL ILL HEALTH,

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE

Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder.

☞ It thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

It is perfectly harmless, never producing the slightest injury.

THE ROSADALIS

Is not a secret Medicine. The articles from which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and recommended by the

MEDICAL FACULTY,

Wherever it has been introduced, as a POSITIVE and

RELIABLE MEDICINE,

FOR DISEASES OF THE

BLOOD, LIVER AND KIDNEYS.

Used and Endorsed by the leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., Chemist,

WILSON, N. C.

FOR SALE BY ALL THE PRINCIPAL DRUGGISTS IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA,

AND WHOLESALE BY

D. BARNES & CO., 21 Park Row, N. Y.

E. WILLIS, Wilmington, N. C.

CARR, BOYKIN & CO., 41 Light St., Baltimore.

J. H. BAKER, 14 Roanoke Avenue, Norfolk, Va.

Price $1.50 Per Bottle.

FOR SALE BY

WILLIAMS & RAYWOOD,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Aug. 30—20-ow1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

1867. 1867.

Second Stock of Goods this Fall.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.,

IN ADDITION TO THEIR DAILY ARRIVALS of GOODS by Express and Freight, have purchased ANOTHER STOCK of

DRY GOODS,

HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, BLANKETS, SHAWLS, NOTIONS, &c.,

All of which we guarantee better value than has been sold for the money since 1861.

Our Col. Tucker is again in the Northern Market buying at greatly

REDUCED PRICES.

Our prices are proportioned to the COST of the ARTICLE and the QUALITY of the GOODS in proportion to the PRICE.

If we buy Cheap, We sell Cheap.

And our facilities for buying cheap are as good as any establishment in the State. Why?

BECAUSE WE BUY FOR CASH.

We are always in the Market,

WE HAVE A LONG EXPERIENCE,

We attend closely to our own business.

FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS.—We thank you for your liberal patronage, and with our large and conveniently arranged Establishment, we are determined to increase our business by selling a

Larger amount of Goods at Smaller Profits.

For "a nimble sixpence is worth more than a slow shilling."

WE SELL FOR CASH.

It is best for the buyer and the seller. Money is scarce. A little will go a long way with us. Continue your patronage and bring all your friends who want GREAT BARGAINS.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & Co.,

New Iron Front Building,

Fayetteville St., Raleigh.

Nov. 16—87-tf

E. J. PARRISH & CO.,

GROCERS AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

(EAST MARKET SQUARE.)

RALEIGH, N. C.,

OFFER THEIR SERVICES IN RECEIVING selling or shipping Produce or general Merchandize. All business entrusted to their care will receive personal and prompt attention.

Consignments solicited.

REFERENCES:

Jno. G. Williams & Co., Gen. W. R. Cox, Pulliam, Jones & Co., Raleigh; H. N. Brown & Co., Hillsboro'; C. P. Mendenhall & Co., Baltimore, Md.

Nov. 16—87-tf

CONSTANTLY ON HAND—Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Bacon, Pickled Pork, Lard, Flour, Meal, Cheese, Crackers, Salt, Molasses, Sugar, Coffee, &c., &c., which will be sold cheap. Call THE NEW STORE, and see if a change will not prove beneficial. You can find us East of Market Square.

Nov. 16—87-tf E. J. PARRISH & CO.

FAMILIES CAN BE SUPPLIED WITH ALL kinds of Country Produce and Family Groceries, at the lowest market rates, by calling on

E. J. PARRISH & CO.,

Grocers and Commission Merchants.

Nov. 16—87-tf

TO CLOSE OUT ON CONSIGNMENT.

2 bbls Rip Van Winkle Whiskey, (Rye.)

1 do Jackson do do

1 do Tuscaloosa do do

1 do Parker & Co. do do

1 do J. Martin do do

2 do N. E. Rum.

The above will be closed out cheap. Call and buy. E. J. PARRISH & CO.,

Nov. 16—87-tf Commission Merchants.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN

SUCH AS **PRINTS** AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; also C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,

At the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

Nov. 27—96-tf

ROCK HILL COLLEGE, ELLICOTT CITY, Md.

THIS INSTITUTION, CONDUCTED BY THE Brothers of the Christian Schools, was established in 1857; and incorporated, and empowered to confer degrees by the General Assembly of Maryland, during its session of 1865.

It is situated on a rising ground, in one of the healthiest and most picturesque portions of the State, and within a few minutes' walk of the Ellicott City Railroad Station.

FACULTY.

BROTHER BERTHELIN, President.

BROTHER CIARAN, Vice President—Professor of Mathematics.

WM. E. A. AIKIN, M. D., LL. D., Professor of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy.

ALBERT TAYLOR BLEDSOE, A. M., LL. D., Professor of History, Rhetoric and English Literature.

BROTHER AZARIAS, Professor of Mathematics and English Composition.

BROTHER BENEDICT, Adjunct Professor of Mathematics and History.

SAMUEL E. W. BECKER, Ph. D., Professor of Latin and Greek.

ANTHONY TROSTHOFF, Adjunct Professor of Latin.

JEAN VANNI, Professor of Drawing and French.

BROTHER LUKE, Professor of German and Music.

P. UNGER, Ph. D., Professor of Music.

BROTHER MATTHEW, Instructor in Grammar and Geography.

BROTHER PETER, Prefect.

BROTHER BERNARDIN, Prefect of Junior Students.

DR. J. H. O'DONOVAN, Consulting Physician.

DR. T. B. OWINGS, Attending Physician.

TERMS:

Board, Washing and Tuition $200 00

Entrance Fee $5; Physician's Fee $5.

Music and Drawing, extra.

Oct. 22—85-1aw1f

CORN, FLOUR AND CHEESE.—A large lot, very superior, for sale by PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

Nov 20—4t Wholesale Grocers.

New Rice.

NEW RICE, ON CONSIGNMENT, and for sale low, by the tierce.

Nov. 11—4t B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

NORTHERN CABBAGE.

I am this day receiving nice Northern CABBAGES. DOUGLAS BELL,

Nov. 16—87-tf Market Square.

HOTEL FOR RENT.

Office N. C. Railroad Company,

COMPANY SHOPS, N. C.,

Nov. 14, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR RENTING THE HOTEL at this place, belonging to the N. C. Railroad Company, will be received until December 10th.

The Hotel, with its furniture, will be rented for three years. Possession given 1st of January next. JOSIAH TURNER, Jr.,

Nov. 18-2w Pres't N. C. R. R. Co.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

FROM SEPTEMBER.

Advertisements will be inserted in the Daily Sentinel at the following rates. A square will be hereafter estimated at 13 nonpareil lines, or 1½ inches.

One square one time	$1.00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	.50
One square one week	2.00
Each additional square one week	1.00
One square two weeks	3.00
Each additional square two weeks	1.00
One square one month	5.00
Each additional square one month	1.00
One square two months	8.00
Each additional "	12.00
One square three months	6.00
Each additional "	14.00
One quarter column "	7.00
One half column "	25.00
One column "	40.00
Regular business cards, 10 nonpareil lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.	75.00

All advertisements or cards must be changed in them at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to confine the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1867.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Raleigh Thespian Association: First appearance to morrow (Friday) night.

A young lady, with some experience as a Teacher, desires a situation: Address Miss Eleanor Middleton, care of Dr. W. R. Miller, Raleigh.

Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern: Everything in the Mechanical and Agricultural line.

Fresh Arrivals: J. Brown (with Hart & Lewis.)

ALEX. Creech announces his second grand opening of Fall and Winter Goods. Mr. Creech is one of the most liberal and enterprising merchants in the State, and his judgment and taste are appreciated by a deservedly large patronage.

Gunny Bagging, Rope, &c., at very low figures:—W. Robt. Andrews, Family Grocer, Fayetteville Street.

THANKSGIVING.—This is the day set apart by the State and National authorities, as a day of Thanksgiving. In deference to their recommendation that all secular business be suspended on this day, this office will be closed, and, consequently, no paper will be issued to-morrow morning.

THANKSGIVING SERVICES.—There will be Divine service and a sermon by the Rector, in Christ Church, (Episcopal,) this morning, at the usual hour.

There will be services in the Baptist Church, at 11 o'clock, A. M., and a sermon by the Rev. T. B. Kingsbury, of Warrenton.

We presume there will be service in the other Churches of the City, though we have not been advised of the fact.

THE THESPIANS.—It will be seen, by the announcement in our advertising columns, that the Thespian Corps will certainly give their first representation to morrow evening, at Tucker Hall. We cannot doubt that they will be greeted with an overflowing house, both in compliment to the young gentlemen and in appreciation of their efforts to entertain the community, to say nothing of the benevolent design of the association.

Of course one may not expect the finished representations of experienced and professional actors, but if we are not greatly mistaken, there will be much to please and amuse in the proposed entertainment,—a correct conception of character, considerable dramatic talent, and very well arranged appointments of costume and scenery.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.—We learn that there is to be a general parade of the City Fire Companies this afternoon at 3 o'clock.—Companies No. 1 and 2, the Hook and Ladder and the Bucket Companies, will be on hand.

FRIENDS OF TEMPERANCE.—Gen. Vance delivered an address on the subject of Temperance, in Wilmington, on Monday evening, to a large audience. The *Journal* speaks in high terms of the effort.

The following officers of the State Council have been elected for the ensuing year: R. B. Vance, President; R. H. Whitaker, Associate; J. B. Bobbitt, Treasurer; J. A. Cunninggim, Chaplain; J. C. Thomas, Conductor; G. W. Camp, Sentinel.

HIGH RENTS.—Preparatory to the first of January next, our people are now looking to the matter of renting. Owners of property are looking for tenants and those who rent are looking for houses. The improvement of the city, and the increase of population and business, are matters in which every citizen feels a deep interest. No well wisher of the city wants to see men of business leave the city. The high rents were well sustained the first and second years after the war, because of the large demand for houses and the amount of business done. The business of Raleigh, for 1867, will not compare with the business of '65 and '66 by one half. The reduction of cotton, to less than one half what it sold for then, accounts readily for the great reduction in the profits of business.

Many of our business men, we learn, are talking about changing their localities.—They must, they say, look for business in a cheaper place to live at. One of the principal items of complaint, is the high rents. This is not universally the case. Some owners have not been exorbitant in their prices, and most of them have come down to suit the times. Why should not all try to be reasonable in this regard? Prices must come down or tenants will be compelled to leave. This is so in some cases. Better let such lower rates than contribute to the depopulation of the city, when houses will be more abundant than tenants.

We throw out these suggestions with the view of bringing owners and tenants nearer together. Our property owners are not unreasonable when they look at matters and understand them. A word to the wise is sufficient.

DESTITUTION IN RICHMOND.

The Richmond correspondent of the New York *Times* thus writes:

"Destitution and want are epidemic, and not alone with this class, (the blacks,) for the poor white people are suffering. This is not due, as some will too readily conclude, to the unnecessary discharge of persons from employment; but to the fact that there is no work for the people to do. The tobacco crop was short, and the factories have been compelled to close and discharge hundreds of hands, thereby depriving thousands of the means of support through that agency, while other manufacturing establishments are compelled to retrench, and a reduction of force becomes necessary. The crops are gathered, and field hands are not in demand. The supply of labor in all branches is five times greater than the demand, and still Hunnicutt counsels all these people to remain here—neither to enlist in the army nor go elsewhere in search of work, in order that they may vote for their rights when the new Constitution comes up. He tells them that Congress will provide for them or make their employers provide for them. A great many white mechanics and laborers have within the last few days been discharged from the different foundries and machine shops, and the city is full of idle and destitute persons of this class, who will also want bread—who want it now—but there is no friendly Bureau from whose capacious drawers they can fill their baskets. On all sides we hear of hard times, and worse expected, and this winter may present to the world the spectacle of an industrious people, living upon the most productive soil in the world, abounding in minerals of all kinds, literally starving—starving for the want of bread."

NEWS FROM THE CAPITOL.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The galleries of the House were filled with spectators anxious to hear the report on impeachment.—During the session about half of the Senate were present. It had become so well known that the majority report would recommend impeachment, that few were surprised when the surmises were confirmed, but none, probably, expected the postponement of the discussion until the December session.

The impeachers claim that delay will strengthen their forces, whilst the opponents of the measure argue that the longer the final decision is put off, the more certain will be the defeat of the project. Each party confidently assert their certain success; but there is scarcely a doubt that the party opposed to impeachment has already a very decided majority in the House.

The appintment of Gen. Schenck as chairman of the Ways and Means Committee took nearly everybody by surprise, for his name had not been mentioned in connection with that position.

The impression of members to-night is that Congress will continue in session till Wednesday, and then adjourn the November session finally. Some, however, favor adjournment only for thanksgiving day, and resume business on Friday following.

It is not expected any important legislation will be attempted this week, as the remaining time of the session is so short that it is scarcely possible to pass any bill which admits of discussion; but it is barely probable the bill to repeal the cotton tax may be taken up and passed, as it is believed members are almost unanimous in its favor.—Some few, however, threaten strong opposition, which, if persisted in, may induce the advocates of the measure to abandon it until next week.

THE NORTH CAROLINA ELECTIONS.—The result in North Carolina tells the same miserable story of apathy and indecision which lost the day to the Conservatives of Virginia. Two such examples are surely enough to awaken the interest and engage the earnest efforts of the most thoroughly hopeless or indifferent of our people. In both States, with a clear working majority the whites were badly beaten, and only because, relinquishing the battle in advance, they refused to organize and by so doing failed to develop even an approximation to their strength. Misapprehension and ignorance of the true situation may furnish excuse for this first omission, but now surely every eye must be open to the danger and the remedy, and he who in the final issue fails to cast the weight of his influence and vote upon the side of his race will be recreant to every instinct and duty of a free man. Let us have no more of this miserable and tame submission to fate. It is unmanly, unwise, disgraceful. It betokens the loss of all bravery in the hearts of those who have noble names and hard earned reputations to maintain, and goes far to prove that our people, so careless of, are indeed unworthy the continued possession of their heritage of self-government. North Carolina failed to profit by the warning contained in Virginia's fate. Let both now gird up their loins for a new struggle, and resolve to bury the coming Constitution so deep beneath the indignant rejection of an outraged people that the history of twenty years hence will fail to exhume it. —*Petersburg Index.*

BLACK CONTROL OF THE GOVERNMENT.

A colored speaker of Philadelphia, named Wm. Foster, in a recent address to a colored meeting, said:

"The enfranchised blacks of the South had assured the speaker that they would compel the Republicans of the North to do justice to the race. They held political control of most of the Southern States, and would not accept of any doubtful man for the Presidency. They would require a man of unquestioned soundness—such a man as Ben Butler, Charles Sumner, Thad. Stevens, or Ben Wade—a man whom the people knew and had confidence in. General Grant was the hero of the war, but he was no statesman or politician. He had not yet exhibited sufficient sagacity to detect the villainy of Andrew Johnson. In Grant's place, what would Ben Butler have done with the instigators of the Memphis and New Orleans massacres? They would have been tried for treason, convicted and sentenced, that the President might have an opportunity of exercising his pardoning prerogative. The balance of power now held by the colored voters of the country would be respected. It would control the destinies of the nation, and in the interest of freedom and political and religious equality."

A THREAT OF MORE BOGUS STATES.—Telegrams to the Northern press announce that Thaddeus Stevens has under consideration the advisability of dividing the State of Texas into two or more States, and has announced his intention of introducing a bill for that purpose during the coming session. To-day he was for a long time engaged in collecting information respecting the population, condition and interests of the different sections of the State, and he requested a Texan editor to furnish him with all the information obtainable bearing upon the question.—*Nat. Intel.*

The Cleveland *Plaindealer* professes to have authority for saying that a Radical lately visited Grant, and wrestled with him concerning his faith, and unfolding the bright future of the Republican party, Grant finally cross-questioned him in these terms: "What do you think of Marshall Brown's slut's pups."

TELEGRAPHIC.

Wednesday Evening Dispatches.

THE COTTON TAX.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27, M.

The Committee of Ways and Means agreed unanimously, this morning, to report a bill for the repeal of the Cotton Tax.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27—M.

Cotton quiet, 16½.

Turpentine firm, 55½.

Gold $1,39½.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 27, P. M.

Cotton heavy. Prices declined ⅛d. Uplands 7½. Orleans 8¼.

Thursday Morning Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27, P. M.

Senate.—A resolution was adopted calling for the papers in Gen. Fitz John Porter's case.

Adjourned to Friday.

House.—A resolution was adopted that when the House adjourn, it adjourn until Saturday, and that no business be transacted on Saturday.

A communication requiring the expense of the Revenue Cutter system was referred to the appropriate Committee.

Stokes, of Tenn., made a personal explanation. He denied giving aid or comfort to the rebellion in any way. He contended that Tennessee had disfranchised no one. The State had organized anew, and declared who should vote. He compared his own loyalty with Senator Patterson's.

Mr. Eldridge defended Patterson, and said it was said of Stokes, that he had condoned his offence. The test oath said nothing on the subject of condonement, and Mr. Eldridge, who favored a modification of the oath, did not see how Stokes could take it in the face of his (Stokes') Duncan letter.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27, P. M.

The Secretary of the Treasury has decided that Missouri must pay tax on the purchase of a Railroad, on the ground that the Road did not become the property of the State until the sale was consummated. The necessary preliminaries being the stamping of the transfer articles.

The President is sending no nominations to the Senate. The Senate shows a disposition to act on some twenty nominations before them from the last session.

Revenue to-day $444,000.

The Departments will be closed to-morrow.

MR. DAVIS' CASE AND OTHER RICHMOND MATTERS.

RICHMOND, Nov. 27, P. M.

Ex-Secretary Seddon was before the Grand Jury all this morning. This afternoon Gen. Lee was before it and questioned about two hours. The Jury has found a new indictment. It is about six times as long as the old one; but only presents some facts more in detail.

On the 22nd, of March, Mr. Davis will be taken in custody by the Marshal on this indictment. Gen. Lee and Mr. Seddon were recognized to appear as witnesses.

Mr. Davis' movements, as yet, are uncertain.

The Delegates to the Reconstruction Convention, which meets on Tuesday, are already arriving. The *New Nation*, Hunnicutt's paper, says that the first act of that body should be to vacate all the State offices held by rebels, and put loyal men in.

At a Republican meeting here, a petition to Gen. Schofield was adopted, asking that at future elections, the City police be removed from the polls and Military protection substituted.

GEORGIA CONSERVATIVES.

AUGUSTA, Nov. 27, P. M.

A meeting of the citizens of Richmond county was held to-night. The preamble and resolutions adopted, favor universal amnesty, the abolition of test oaths as a qualification for office, impartial suffrage, and urging the people of the State to organize and defeat reconstruction under the military bills.

Twenty four delegates were appointed to the Conservative Convention at Macon. The meeting was largely attended, and enthusiastic.

THE ALABAMA CONVENTION.

MONTGOMERY, Nov. 27, P. M.

The Convention passed an ordinance abolishing the County of Colbert, created at the last session of the Legislature.

The action taken on yesterday in reference to the Judicial officers was re-considered, and an amendment adopted to elect all the Judicial officers, including Supreme Court Judges, by the popular vote.

All the officers, Legislative, Judicial and Executive, are to be elected by the people.

An article was offered and referred that the next General Assembly shall have authority to alter or amend the article on the elective franchise of the Constitution, provided that such alteration or amendment shall not operate to remove the disabilities of any class disfranchised by said article, and that no person shall be disqualified by such alteration or amendment, who aided the enemies of the U. S. in the late rebellion, and who have assisted in reconstructing the State in accordance with the laws of Congress.

A test vote shows that this article will be adopted. Under it, the next Legislature has authority to continue the policy of proscription.

LOUISIANA CONVENTION.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 27, P. M.

In the Convention, to-day, Wickliffe, of Orleans, offered the following resolution, denouncing an article in the *Republican* of the 23rd., a portion of which has been telegraphed:

Resolved, That we utterly repudiate all desire for class legislation, all desire to Africanize the State; that all we claim is equality before the law for all men, without distinction of race, color or previous condition: that we deprecate the sentiments expressed in the New Orleans *Republican*, in its issue of the 23rd. inst., and denounce the said article as uncalled for, incendiary and dangerous to the best interests of the party, and declare that the said article does not represent the sentiments, wishes or purposes of the Radical Republican party of Louisiana, or the colored race.

The resolution was discussed with considerable excitement, but little regard for Parliamentary usages, and finally tabled by a vote of 46 to 31.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, Nov. 27, P. M.

Parliament has voted £2,000,000 for the Abyssinian war.

The war ministers are blamed by Parliament and the Press, for sending off the expedition without the sanction of Parliament.

Head Center Francis has been captured in London.

Some of the French troops have left Rome.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27—P M.

Flour, State, $7.75@$10. Southern $9.50@$14.

Wheat drooping, white Michigan $3.

Pork heavy $20.95.

Cotton lower. Sales 1,000 bales, 16½@16¾.

Turpentine 55@55½. Rosin $5@8.

Gold weak, $1 39½.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 27, P. M.

Cotton Sat. Sales exceedingly small. Low Middling 15½. Full Middling offering at 16. No buyers beyond 15½.

Corn dull Receipts heavy. Prime White $1,-20@$1.25.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	80c
" Cape Fear	20d
" Charlotte	26
" Wadesboro	24
" Wilmington	25
" Roxboro	25d
" Thomasville	55
" Lexington at Graham	55
" " Lexington	24
" Commerce	20
" Clarendon	17
" Fayetteville	4
" Washington	30d
" Yanceyville	15
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	11d
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	60
Miners' and Planters' Bank	27
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	55
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.	25
Virginia Bank Notes average about	6
South Carolina "	28
Georgia "	15

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

July 26-296-3m*

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 28) G. B.	42
" Cape Fear	26
" Charlotte	24
" Lexington, at Graham	22½
" Roxborough	50
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	50
" Wilmington	12
" Commerce	10
" Washington	9
" Fayetteville	4
" Clarendon	7
" Yanceyville	32
Miners' and Planter's Bank	24
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	25½
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	5
Greensborough Mutual	35
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Silver	140
Old Coupons	153
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	42
Old Sixes	87½
Exchange on New York	¼

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JENKINS & PERRY, GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH, N. C.

BACON	
" BALT. & WESTERN	20@25
BEEF ON HOOF	20@22½
" NETT	8@9
BUTTER	40@50
COTTON	13@14
CHICKENS, Spring	20@25
" Grown	20@30
CORN	2 25@2 40
COFFEE	20@22
EGGS	20@25
FLOUR	10@17
FODDER	1 25
HERRINGS	50@4 10
HIDES—Green	10c pr. lb.
" Dry	12½
HAY	75@1 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 40@1 50
MOLASSES	75
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Stock	1 25@0 00
POTATOES—Irish	1 00@1 25
" Sweet	50@0 75
RAGS	4@5
SALT	4 00@4 25
SUGAR	15@25
TALLOW	10
VINEGAR	50@75

REMARKS.

Cotton a shade better.

Flour steady.

Supply of Bacon equal to demand and prices steady.

SPECIAL NOTICES

NEW MARRIAGE GUIDE.

AN ESSAY FOR YOUNG MEN, on Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases, incident to Youth and Early Manhood, which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge.—Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

Sept 27—44-3m

M. ROSENBAUM, No. 16 Fayetteville St.,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the citizens of Raleigh, and the public in general, to his newly imported stock of GENTS' READY-MADE CLOTHING and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS; GENTS' and BOYS HATS of the latest styles, together with a large stock of Gent's and Boys BOOTS AND SHOES, of the finest makes. All of which will be sold at prices to suit everybody.

Oct. 7—52-tf

A Cough, a Cold, or a Sore Throat,

Requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,

is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For **Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,** Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Oct. 28—69-eod4m

MISCELLANEOUS.

Concord Female College.

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the first Monday of JANUARY, 1868.

It will continue SIX, instead of FIVE months.

Tuition and Board, WITH WASHING, will be $135, half in advance.

Each boarder will furnish her own lights and towels, and also a pair of sheets and pillow-cases.

Music, Drawing, French and Latin, extra.

Address J. M. M. CALDWELL, Statesville, N. C.

Nov. 13-8t eod2m

FOR RENT FOR 1868.—STORE NO. 3, Fayetteville Street, and the corner building in rear of North Carolina Book Store, now occupied by Mr. Clawson. Apply to

Nov. 23—2w HOGG & MORDECAI.

PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE

Next to Tucker Hall.

MRS. FENTRESS HAS REOPENED HER House, and, with renewed energy, will endeavor to please all who wish board by the day, week or month. Assisted by T. R. FENTRESS.

Nov. 23—2w

CHEESE! CHEESE!!

Twenty boxes prime Factory, just received by DOUGLAS BELL.

Nov. 27—96 tf

FOR SALE.

A GOOD COW for sale.

Nov. 27—96-2t KEMP P. BATTLE.

Wanted.

AN ACTIVE AND INTELLIGENT MAN TO act as General Agent in this State for a well-established and popular Life Insurance Company. Persons of experience preferred.

Address "LIFE INSURANCE," at the office of this paper.

Nov. 27—96-2t

W. H. CROW,

MANAGER AND GENERAL AGENT OF THE

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA AND PART OF VIRGINIA.

HAS PAID ANOTHER LOSS IN THIS DEPARTMENT ON THE 7TH NOV., 1867, to the widow of the late Castine Doscher, of Wilmington, N. C. Policy No. 28,650, for $5,000. This Company has done more in the last two years for the citizens of the State than any other Company.

DIED IN 1866 AND 1867, AND POLICIES PAID AT THE OFFICE IN RALEIGH:

Justice Kinsey, of Raleigh,	$ 5,000
J. E. Weeks, Elizabeth City,	5,000
T. J. Garner, Weldon,	3,000
S. B. Turnage, Kinston,	10,000
J. F. Sanders, Smithfield,	5,000
Castine Doscher, Wilmington,	5,000

A very serious question fo r a Husband and Father to ask himself, is, Should I be taken away to-morrow, would my family be provided for as I wish them to be? The Ætna Company is one of the solid institutions of this country and by taking a Policy here you provide a certainty.

That which has made this Company such a favorite and so popular, is the low rate and prompt payment of all demands.

Nov. 12—93-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

Notice to City Tax Payers.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF COMMISsioners, I shall proceed to sell on Friday, the 6th day of December, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following City Lots, or so much thereof as shall pay the taxes due thereon and costs, for the years 1866 and 1867:

Alvin, one-half acre, East Ward			$ 6 40
Andrews, Wm. N. Trustee for Mrs. McGowan, part 100 and ¼ acre			18 40
Andrews, W. N. for Mrs. M. Andrews, parts 25 and 41			18 40
Andrews, W. N. for Nelson King ¼ acre			25 00
Branson, L. for	1866		10 00
Bevers, Mrs. S. V. ¼ acre			17 00
Beasley, Sylvanus part 56			4 40
Bledsoe, M. A.	for	1866	28 25
do do		1867	2 00
Busbee, Q.		1866	5 40
do do		1866 balance	20 00
do do		1867	30 00
Cantwell, Edward		1866	12 00
do Co		1867	24 00
Cunninggim, Wm. H.		1867	40 50
Alex Hardie		1866	6 00
do do		1867	6 40
Dunston, Jesse ¼ acre			5 85
Dodd, C. L.			50 00
Dupree, Sarah			4 80
Eddings, Mrs. Berline ¼ acre			9 30
Harp, Marshall ¼ acre			3 90
Ferrell, J. J.		1866	14 00
do do		1867	28 00
Freeman, Louisa, part 218			1 60
Ferrell's Estate		1866	2 40
do do		1867	4 00
Fennell, Mrs. M. A.			5 60
Frost, A. Y.			8 40
Galigah, John			10 40
Hunter, Osborn		1866	2 80
do do		1867	14 50
Hughes, Hanson			4 00
Holder, Mahler			1 60
Harriss, Mrs. Nancy		1866	8 00
do do do		1867	1 60
Hodges, Lucy			2 80
Harrison, Wm. H.			18 65
Jones, Mary, colored,		1866 balance	40 00
do do do		1867	32 00
Jones, John			1 20
Johns, Mrs. Candice			1 40
Kenster, Charles		1866	8 00
Malone, Martha		1867 balance	1 40
do do		1866	8 00
Mitchell, Alfred		1867	8 00
do do		1866	6 00
Maynard, Green W.		1867	10 00
do do		1866	3 60
Morgan, Henry		1867	10 20
do do		1866	21 00
Miller, Mrs. Frances		1867	10 00
Moss, Jackson		1866	34 60
Mordecai, Henry		1867	2 00
Nines, Mary		1866	4 40
do do		1867	6 00
Peace, Miss Julia		1866	16 00
do do		1867	24 00
Pullen, Jas D.		1866	34 60
Ransom, Sidney		1866	2 00
Ransom, Mullen		1867	5 85
Reid, Lesha		1866	1 60
do do		1867	2 20
Rowe, Polly		1867	3 20
Rogers, S. H.		1866	20 00
do do		1867	42 00
Rowland, samuel		1866	24 00
do do		1867	66 00
Sugg, Britton		1866	5 50
do do		1867	10 90
Smith, Mrs. Addison		1866	2 00
do do do		1867	4 80
Lougee & Holden		1867	40 00
Smith, Mrs. Martha			8 40
Stallins, Miss Jane			10 90
Sawyer, A. T			8 00
Smith, Mrs. Caroline			4 00
Upchurch, Mrs. Jane		1866	12 10
Vaughn, Mrs. Louisa		1866	5 50
do do		1867	10 00
Wicker, D. A.		1866	8 00
do do		1867	16 25
Weddin, Mrs. E. B.		1867	4 00
Williams, W. D.		1867	24 50
Jordan Womble, Jr., Trustee for Mrs. Skinner,			56 60

Nov. 13—84-3taw3w JAMES LITCHFORD, Collector.

BRIGGS & DODD,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, CARRIAGE MATERIAL, PAINTS, VARNISHES, COLORS, OILS, GLUE AND GLASS.

ALSO

Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones, Belting Cloth,

India Rubber and Leather Belting, Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*

Nov. 7—79-tf

Sale of Valuable Lands.

BY VIRTUE OF A DEED OF TRUST executed by Charles L. Pettigrew to William B. Shepard, on the 27th of October, 1866, I shall sell at the Court House, in Plymouth, N. C., on

TUESDAY, 18TH FEBRUARY, 1868,

the very valuable tract of land, in Washington County, N. C., known as the "**Shepard Farm**," lying on Lake Scuppernong, and between the property of Josiah Collins, dec'd., containing

ONE THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-FOUR ACRES.

These lands are of unsurpassed fertility.—Eight hundred acres of the tract are cleared, and on the farm are two fine Barns.

Unless otherwise determined before that day, the terms of the sale will be Cash, to the amount of twenty thousand dollars, or thereabouts.

Nov. 26—d1w4w1d WM. B. SHEPARD.

Select Boarding and Day School,

HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE SPRING TERM OF THE MISSES WASH and MISS KOLLOCK'S School will commence February 7th, 1868, and close June 26th, (twenty-two weeks.) Circulars forwarded on application.

Nov 20—3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

COLGATE & CO'S NEW YORK

GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers.

Oct. 23—65-6m

Magazines and Illustrated Newspapers.

RECEIVED WEEKLY, and for sale at the lowest prices, the popular Magazines and Illustrated newspapers of the day.

Nov. 15—86-tf JAS H. ENNISS, Bookseller.

SITUATION WANTED!—A YOUNG LAdy desires a situation as TEACHER in a private family. She is qualified to teach the English branches.

References given, if required.

Address "BONNYBEL," Ivor, Southampton, Co Virginia.

Nov. 21—2w

FOR SALE.

A Farm of 1,200 Acres, in Halifax County, N C.,

NINE MILES FROM LITTLETON DEPOT, on the Raleigh & Gaston R. R., with two settlements, one a two story; negro cabins for 20 hands; about 400 acres in original growth of oak and hickory; between one and two hundred acres of low grounds, equal, perhaps, to any in the State and not liable to injury from overflowing; undulating and well watered in every part; well adapted to Corn, Cotton, Wheat and Clover, with a red clay subsoil, and well suited to a division into smaller farms. There are grain and provender enough on the farm to sustain it a year.

This property is offered low, and terms accommodating. Possession given immediately.

Address DR. R. A. PATTERSON, Littleton, N. C.

Nov 27—96-3w2p

HOT BUCKWHEAT CAKES!!!

SUPERIOR BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

ALSO

RICH GOSHEN BUTTER,

Extra Golden Syrup and Choice Molasses,

The very article needed with

HOT BUCKWHEAT CAKES.

Just received and for sale by

Nov. 27—96-tf DOUGLAS BELL, Market Square.

WHOLESALE DRUG TRADE.

JORDAN & CARR,

(Successors to Geo. B. Jones & Co.)

CORNER SYCAMORE AND WASHINGTON STS. *PETERSBURG, VA.*

HAVE THE pleasure to announce to the Merchants of VIRGINIA AND NORTH CAROLINA, the reception of one of the largest and most complete stocks of

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-Stuffs, Window-Glass, Garden, Yard and Field Seeds, Surgical and Dental Instruments, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery, Toilet Soaps, &c.,

TO BE FOUND IN THE SOUTHERN STATES.

Their entire stock was purchased from first hands for CASH and they feel confident they can offer superior inducements to the Trade.

☞ Merchants, Physicians and others, are cordially invited to call and examine their goods and prices.

WALTER B. JORDAN, JOSEPH CARR.

Oct 15—59-tf

Office of N. C. Mutual Life Insurance Co., RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 20, 1867.

A CREDITOR'S BILL WAS FILED IN THE Court of Equity of Wake County, against the NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, and at the last term of the said Court, a decree was made appointing me Receiver of all the assets of the said Company; and in pursuance of said decree, notice is hereby given to all the creditors of said Company, who are willing to contribute to the expense of said suit, to make known their intent on or before the FOURTH MONDAY IN MARCH, 1868, and prove their claims before the subscriber; otherwise they will be excluded from sharing in the distribution of the assets of the Company.

Those who have already proved their claims need not furnish additional proof but must signify their intention to become parties to the said suit, if they desire to do so.

Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the Company, by assessment as heretofore notified, to make payment without delay, or their claims under the decree of the Court will be put in suit.

T. H SELBY, Receiver.

Nov. 23—3awlm

FOR SALE.

A Damantine Candles, in half boxes and cartons; Locust Point Family Flour, the best Baltimore make.

WILLIAM JONES & CO., Wholesale Grocers,

Sept. 25—69-tf

Office of the North Carolina Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 23, 1867.

A CREDITOR'S BILL WAS FILED IN THE Court of Equity of Wake County, against the NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, and at the last term of the said Court, a decree was made appointing me Receiver of all the assets of the said Company; and in pursuance of said decree, notice is hereby given to all the creditors of said Company, who are willing to contribute to the expense of said suit, to make known their intent on or before the FOURTH MONDAY IN MARCH, 1868, and prove their claims before the subscriber; otherwise they will be excluded from sharing in the distribution of the assets of the Company.

Those who have already proved their claims need not furnish additional proof but must signify their intention to become parties to the said suit, if they desire to do so.

Notice is also given to all persons indebted to the Company to settle the same without delay, or the claims will be put in suit

R. H. BATTLE, Receiver

Nov. 20—3aw1m

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS.

1867. WILLIAM LAMB,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

NORFOLK, VA.

For the sale of

Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit, Staves, &c.,

In the markets of

Norfolk, Liverpool and London.

Also Agents for NORFOLK AND LIVERPOOL STEAMERS.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.

I have secured the services of Maj. J. M. DUNN, of North Carolina, who will greet his friends and acquaintances in Central and Western Carolina and he will be pleased to receive consignation and attend to any business entrusted to my care.

Oct. 1—3mos.

TAYLOR, MARTIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, IRON, STEEL, BELTING, PACKING,

WAGON MATERIAL, &c.,

CORNER MAIN STREET AND MARKET SQUARE, NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

Sept. 10—80-3m

W. E. BENBURY,

OF NORTH CAROLINA, WITH

W. R. C. LAND,

DEALER IN

LUMBER, LIME, COAL, WOOD, HAY, SHINGLES, LATHS, PLASTER, HAIR, TAR, PITCH AND TURPENTINE,

WIDE WATER ST. AND WOODSIDE'S WHARF, Norfolk, Va.

Sept. 10—80-3m

W. R. CREEK, | W. E. CAPEHART, | C. CAPEHART,

CREEK, CAPEHART & CO.,

GROCERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 33 Commerce Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

A supply of Pure PERUVIAN GUANO and other Fertilizers, ROPE, BAGGING, CIRCULARS and LIQUORS, kept constantly on hand

Aug 30-11-6m

JAMES GORDON & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NORFOLK, Va.

WILL GIVE STRICT ATTENTION TO THE sale of Cotton and all other produce, and to the purchase of all Plantation Supplies.

Our house was established in Norfolk, in 1816, by James Gordon, of Warren County, North Carolina, who was well known throughout the State. We trust that our long experience in the Commission business has made us familiar with it in all its branches, and entitles us to a portion of the patronage of the good people of our native State.

REFERENCES:

Gen. M. W. Ransom, B. F. Moore, J. N. Smith, Col. N. M. Long, Hon. Kenneth Rayner, P. K. Smith, Jno. M. Moody, Dr. W. J. Hawkins, Wm. D. Jones, Jno. J. B

DAILY SENTINEL.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1867.

A NEW ALCESTIS.

What time of year it was I cannot tell
Since all my widowed seasons are as one,
When sitting in my summer-house alone,
I read the story that she loved so well.

Forever she would play the learned wife,
My beautiful, my inst! and with sweet looks
Would nestle to my side and read my books,
Fearing lest they should occupy my life.

I read how sweet Alcestis died to save
Her lord's dear life, who would not be consoled;
And how, ere one or two dark months had rolled,
A pitying God restored her from the grave.

And reading this I slept, and sleeping dreamed.
It was no longer King Admetus' bride
Whom the gods brought unto her husband's side,
But mine. Ah, me! how tremulous she seemed,

With too much joy, like some dew-laden flower;
How tenderly we sought each other's eyes,
Speaking no word, but breathing happy sighs,
Forgetting all our sorrows in an hour.

And then the vision passed. I wept to awake
And feel the desolation of the day;
I prayed the dream to come again and stay,
Less, ere the race was run, my heart should break.

—[Once a Week.

DEATH OF A REMARKABLE CHARACTER.

Dr. John Ruggles Cotting died at Milledgeville, Ga., on the 13th. of October. He was born in Acton, Mass., in 1784. The *Southern Recorder* gives the following sketch of this remarkable man:

"By an ancient entail he was born to remainder-man to an estate of $5,000,000 value in Boston; but some of the title papers being burned in the Town House, and the property being occupied by many innocent purchasers under preceding tenants for life, to which purchasers and their widows and orphans, his recovery, and even his lawsuit, would have been in some cases distressing, Dr. Cotting, careless of riches, kind of heart, and ardent only with a love of science, abandoned his inheritance, gave himself up to less sordid pleasures and died poor. His first fifty years was spent in Massachusetts; his last thirty in the valley of Oconee, in Georgia, at Milledgeville. Refined by nature and by all the good influences of Harvard and Dartmouth Colleges, he perfected his excellent education by several years of professional life in Amherst College, in high schools and in the Berkshire Medical Institute; and besides all this, during all these years, he was a settled Congregational minister of the Gospel. With such a nature and such a discipline, Dr. Cotting could be nothing less than a purified, exalted, refined spirit; an alien to the busy throng of material men. His love of science was far from being altogether speculative; for, besides teaching chemistry and kindred sciences, he was engaged during the last British war, with a company of chemists and capitalists at Boston, in manufacturing several articles never before produced in America. He was an author, too one of his books, on chemistry, being for several years a text book at Yale College; another was a text book on geology. In 1835 Dr. Cotting removed South, and was first settled in Augusta, Ga., where he was engaged by some liberal enlightened gentlemen, all or mostly cotton planters, to make a geological and agricultural survey of Burke and Richland counties. This important work, the first of its kind in Georgia, was done in the year 1836; his map and drawings were deposited in the Medical College of Georgia, at Augusta, and his report, a very interesting duodecimo, with his local descriptions, its geological accounts, its analysis of cotton lands, and its table of fifty-seven *genera*, embracing innumbered varieties of fossils, was published and submitted to Governor Schley, who laid it before the Legislature and urged them to order a similar survey of the State. They adopted his advice, appropriated $10,000 to the service, and Governor Gilmer appointed Dr. Cotting to the office of State Geologist. The work was carried on for two years, when the banks of the United States all breaking, the price of cotton falling very low, and general financial distress occurring the legislature withdrew the appropriation, and the survey ceased. During its progress, Dr. Cotting, with indefatigable but unappreciated diligence, collected merely in the eastern counties of the State, and in the extreme southwest county, Decatur, a rich herbarium of our peculiar flora, and a cabinet of our fossils and minerals, of wide scientific embrace or nomenclature, and of rare interest. Unfortunately for the cause of science and art in the "Empire State of the South," the geological survey of Georgia was stopped, and Dr. Cotting's noble collection of specimens of our fossils and minerals was distributed among the colleges or otherwise disposed of—lost for all known uses yet heard of, even before it was classified—when the professors of Germany are actually forwarding duplicates to Milledgeville and begging for an exchange of cabinets, and when the Emperor of Russia was soliciting a copy of his report for the Royal Library at St. Petersburg. His name was well known and his great work appreciated by the learned men of Europe and the United States, many of whom were his correspondents."

Tunneling is one of the chief achievements of modern engineering. It is stated that an extraordinary piece of tunneling has been accomplished at the silver mines in the German Hartz Mountains. The miners were over three thousand feet deep, and the scarcity of fuel prevented the use of steam for pumping, which was done by water wheels, aided by tunnel drains. But the great depth reached in 1839 precluded further progress in that manner, and a tunnel was commenced for deep draining, which is but now finished. It is twenty two miles long; two million cubic yards of solid rock were excavated, ten thousand pounds of power used, and the lineal extent of blasting holes drilled is one hundred and eight miles.

An Irish woman in Lowell hearing that gas was cheaper than kerosene, went to the clerk of the company, and presenting her can, asked for a pint, to put the matter to a practical test.

The other day, an Irish town-crier took in charge a lost child, and proceeded to hunt up his parents. On being asked by a lady what the matter was, he replied, "here's an orphen child, madame, and I'm trying to find its parents."

"I hope this hand is not counterfeit," said a lover as he was toying with his sweetheart's fingers. "The best way to find out is to *ring* it," was the neat reply.

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

SILVER PLATED Table and Tea Spoons, Forks, Mustard and Salt Spoons and Butter Knives, at reduced prices.

ALSO

Crystal and Ornamented Chamber Setts, Spoon and Fork and Knife and Fork Boxes.

J. BROWN,
Oct. 23—tf With Hart and Lewis.

FOR SALE.—MOUNTAIN APPLES by the Barrel.
Nov 20—tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO., Wholesale Grocers.

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

CHEAP LIGHT.

SUPERIOR KEROSENE OIL.

Lamps of all kinds, Lamp Chimneys, and Wicks, Oil Cans.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Sept. 21—39-tf With Hart & Lewis.

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

DEALER IN

Butter, Cheese, Lard, Pork, Beef, Bacon, Salt, Fish, Dried Fruit, Flour, Meal, Corn, Buckwheat, Rye, Flour, Hominy, Wines, Brandy, Whiskey, Gin, Rum,

TOBACCO, CIGARS, CROCKERY, &c.,

Wood and Willow Ware, and

Fancy Groceries of every Description.

A LSO on hand the best and cheapest lot of Rope and Cotton Bagging in the City, to which attention of farmers is specially called. Receiving daily the very finest Norfolk Oysters at $1.25 per gallon. Buy tickets and save money.
Nov. 4, 1867—tf.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING, GREATLY FACILITATES the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to your Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for years, and can say in CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED IN A single instance TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtue. We speak in this matter WHAT WE DO KNOW, after years of experience, and FEARLESS OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the Syrup is administered.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle.

Be sure and call for

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,"

having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Price, only 25 cents per Bottle.

OFFICES:

215 Fulton Street, New York,
205 High Holborn, London, England,
181 St. Paul Street, Montreal, Canada.
Aug. 30—29-eod6m

BANK OF LEXINGTON.

OFFICE OF RECEIVER,
Greensboro', N. C., Sept. 14, 1867.

In obedience to instructions, contained in Special Orders, No. 121, issued by Major General D. E. Sickles, at Headquarters, Second Military District, Charleston, S. C., I, the undersigned, having been therein appointed Receiver of the Bank of Lexington, do hereby give notice to all indebted to said Bank, that they must come forward and make payment within twelve months from this date.

All who do not comply with this notice will find their papers, without discrimination, placed immediately in a course of collection.

All who hold claims of any character against said Bank, are hereby notified to present them, properly authenticated, within twelve months from this date, otherwise they will be excluded from all benefit in the distribution of the assets then to be made.

Address JESSE H. LINDSAY, Receiver,
Greensboro', Guilford Co., N. C.
Sept. 18—36-3taw3m

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

Invite attention to their

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

OF

Gentlemen's, Youth's and Boys'

CLOTHING

AND

FURNISHING GOODS,

20 Fayetteville St., opposite Tucker Hall,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Nov. 13—34-tf

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

WE ARE OFFERING TO OUR CUSTOMERS a commanding stock of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
COOKING AND HEATING STOVES,
PAINTS AND WINDOW GLASS,
NAILS, IRON AND STEEL.

ALSO

1 Bed Chamber Commode.

J. BROWN,
With Hart & Lewis,
34 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Nov. 6—78-tf

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

A small lot of good Hard Coal, for sale by
Nov. 12—33-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Store For Rent.

THE STORE formerly occupied by me, next door to Southern Express Office. Possession given immediately.

Apply to W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.,
Who have removed to their NEW IRON FRONT BUILDING, across the Street.
Nov. 12—33-tf

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

IN OBEDIENCE to a decree of the Superior Court of Law for the County of Franklin, I shall proceed to sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door, in the town of Louisburg, on Tuesday the 10th day of December, 1867, all the Real Estate of Pasco Nichols, deceased, (subject to the dower of his widow,) lying in the Counties of Franklin and Nash, consisting of

Two Hundred and Sixty-four Acres,

adjoining the lands of Dr. Gray Sills and Dr. Jno. W. Jackson and Benjamin Whaley.

The said land will be sold under the decree of the Court, to make assets for the payment of debts. It lies within less than one mile of a good and permanent school and a Church, in a healthy, moral and intelligent community, and presents a most favorable opportunity for persons wishing to find a pleasant home. All such are invited to examine for themselves.

TERMS: Twelve months' credit; bond, with good security.

JOHN CHAMBLEE, Adm'r.
Oct. 29—76-td With the Will annexed.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } CHATHAM COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, August Term, 1867.

Robert H. Marsh, Estate of Robt. Marsh, deceased, vs. Petition for sale of Real Estate.
Jas F. Marsh and others.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Benjamin, Robert, Cyrus, Harrington and wife Lucy, and Benjamin R., John H., Charles, Matilda, and Sallie Elliott, are non-residents, on motion, it is ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Raleigh *Sentinel*, notifying said Defendants of the filing of this petition, and to appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held for the County of Chatham at the Court House in Pittsboro', on the 2nd Monday of November next, then and there to plead, answer or demur, or judgment *pro confesso* will be taken.

Witness, U. C. COTTEN, Clerk of said Court, at office in Pittsboro', the 2nd Monday in August, 1867.

Oct. 11—w6w* U. C. COTTEN, C. C. C.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA ALL STATE!

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R.!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the ten Thousand Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State nine thousand Hundred Thousand Dollars for her interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

ROUTE,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Baggage, and you are recuired so to direct your freights, or they will be taken by another Route!

To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great Inland Air Line* solely direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Gold Head Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., *Via Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miners' Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co. Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Day; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(*Via* Absamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light Street Wharf.

C. D. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Aug 6-305-tf Raleigh N. C

Important Railroad Arrangement.

PASSENGERS can now purchase THROUGH TICKETS at the Office of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, at Raleigh, N. C., *via* the

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, to

Memphis, Tenn., Cleveland, Ohio,
St. Louis, Mo., Detroit, Mich.,
Cincinnati, Ohio, St. Joseph, Mo.,
Louisville, Ky, Indianapolis, Ind.,
Milwaukie, Wis., Chicago, Ill.,
Pittsburg, Pa., Columbus, Ohio,

and all principal Cities in the Western and Southwestern States.

Tickets can be purchased either

VIA BAY LINE STEAMERS,

or

Via Weldon and Richmond, Va.,

And

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH,

From Weldon to all Western Cities.

For Tickets and further information apply to J. M. Poor, Esq., General Ticket Agent, or to A. Jones, Esq., Ticket Agent Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, at Raleigh, N. C.

LOUIS ZIMMER,
General Southern Agent,
Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

JOHN L. WILSON,
Master of Trans. Bal. & O. R. R.
H. M. COLE,
Gen. Ticket Ag't. B. & O. R. R.
Oct. 22—65-tf

Tin Ware at Wholesale.

THE UNDERSIGNED desires to call the attention of Merchants to his establishment for the manufacture of

Tin Ware for the Trade.

He claims to sell at wholesale AS AS LOW RATES as the Merchant can buy in New York or Baltimore, with Freight added.

He asks a trial from those who are disposed to encourage and assist in building up a Home Enterprise.

He pledges himself that his prices shall give satisfaction, and that his ware shall be of good quality.

Price Lists will be sent to any address on application

Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass will be taken at best market rates, instead of cash, delivered at any point on the Railroad.

E. H. POGUE,
Oct 11—55-eod3m Hillsboro', N. C.

To the Farmers of North Carolina:

IF YOU WANT PURE

PERUVIAN GUANO,

BUY OF

HERBERT & HAIRSTON,

COTTON, GRAIN AND TOBACCO

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Baltimore, Md.

Sept. 20—38-3m

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

WHITE LEAD, in 25 pound cans.
Spirits Turpentine, by the barrel or retail.
Coach Body and Brown Japan Varnish.

ALSO

Paints for Coach Making, in small lots.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Oct. 18—tf For Hart & Lewis.

USEFUL AND GOOD BOOKS.

The Reason Why—applied to Natural History. Price $1.90.

The Reason Why—applied to Natural Science. Price $1.50.

Tytler's Universal History, 3 vols., for set $4.50.

Whipley's Compend of History, 2 vols. in one, $2.00.

Macaulay's History of England, 3 vols., for set $10.00.

Macaulay's Hist. of England, 2 vols. in one, $3.25.

For sale by
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
Booksellers and Stationers,
Oct. 29—78-tf Raleigh, N. C.

The Godwin Cotton Press, Again!

NOT BEING PLEASED WITH THE PRESS equipage sent out, I have visited New York and had the work done

CHEAPER AND BETTER.

Farmers had better send their orders to me, accompanied by $45, or a good check or draft, if they would have their orders filled promptly, properly, and cheaply.

I will sell

COUNTY AND STATE RIGHTS

cheap. Count the profits of my Superior Press and make me an offer.

J. H. GODWIN,
Oct. 31—78-1m Scotland Neck, N. C.

BEAUTIFUL REFINED LARD, in 25 lb Buckets. Putup expressly for Family use. For sale by DOUGLAS BELL,
Nov. 5—77-tf Market Square.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MIDWAY SCHOOL,

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va.

The Third Session of this School will begin on the first Wednesday of September next, and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term, *Payable in Advance*. Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

For Circulars and other particulars address,
WILSON C. N. CAIE, Charlottesville, Va.
JOSEPH PACKARD, *Jr.*, Theo. Seminary, Fairfax Co., Va., Principals.

REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.

July 17-292-tf

THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER.

This Portable, Self-Acting Fire Engine

IS OFFERED TO THE Public as a ready, certain, and speedy means of preventing

LARGE CONFLAGRATIONS.

Until the invention of the

Portable, Self-Acting Fire Engine,

Fires have been met by means too slow, too late and too cumbrous. But few persons in this country have the advantage of large hand or Steam Fire Engines, and these few often suffer a total loss of their property by reason of the great length of time consumed in sending for and getting them into working order.

BUT NOT SO WITH THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER,

which, being kept charged and standing in your House, Store or Factory, is always

Ready for Instant Service.

The fire can be extinguished and your property saved without loss or damage, or even an alarm of Fire.

The first few minutes of conflagration decide the fate of the property; "a little fire is quickly put out, which, being suffered, rivers cannot quench."

THE EXTINGUISHER, being very simple in its operation, and entirely self-propelling, requires no previous skill or practice to operate it, and being so light, portable and self-acting, is capable of being used in any place, by any person, male or female.

It puts out all fires, arising from whatever cause. You are saved from the immense water damage caused by large Engines.

You can effect insurance on your property

At Lower Rates,

if protected by the Extinguisher.

The Extinguisher is no humbug, as thousands of good men in Europe and America will testify. I have already put these little Engines into some of our best Factories and largest Schools in N. C.

No House, Store, Factory or Corporation is safe without them.

The price is as nothing, compared with the protection they afford.

Send for a Circular,

LEWIS C. HANES,
General Agent for N. C.,
Lexington, N. C.

Messrs. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO. are my Agents for the City of Raleigh.
Sept. 10—30-3m L. C. H.

North Carolina Tobacco Ware House.

WALKER, FARRAR & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

General Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

KEEP constantly on hand the largest and best selected stock of Manufactured TOBACCO to be found in the State. We have made arrangements with the manufacturers in Virginia and North Carolina to furnish their best brands to the Eastern North Carolina trade at Factory prices.

Also, the largest stock of Sugar, Coffee, Pork, Flour, Salt, Cotton Bagging, Rope, &c., to be found in this market.

Virginia and North Carolina Sheeting and Yarns, always on hand.

Manufacturers' Agents for Holt's celebrated Yarns, Shirtings and Checks.

Brick Block, Craven St., Newbern, N. C.
Sept 24—41-2m

SENTINEL OFFICE

JOB PRINTING.

OUR FRIENDS IN THE CITY OR COUNTRY, desiring Sheriffs' Clerks or Constables' Blanks,

CARDS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

or other printing, done, will please send in their orders.

They will be neatly executed and done promptly, and on the lowest terms.

We expect soon to have our office supplied with the necessary material to execute the orders of our friends in every species of Job Printing.

WM. E PELL, Proprietor.
Sept. 27—tf

No. 44 Fayetteville Street.

6 dozen Axle Grease,
50 Kegs Nails, assorted,
Black-Smiths' Anvils, Vices and Hammers,
Builders' Materials.
Also a large stock Cook Stoves.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Oct. 3 1867. With Hart & Lewis.

CONGRESS TIE ENVELOPES.

For sale by
Oct. 17—61-tf J. H. ENNISS,
N. C. Book Store.

JOHN T. DEWEESE,

Attorney at Law and Register in Bankruptcy,

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS except the Bankrupt Court.
Office in the *Standard* building.
Raleigh, Sept. 21—39-3m

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE, universally acknowledged the Model Parlor Magazine of America; devoted to Original Stories, Poems, Sketches, Architecture and Model Cottages, Household Matters, Gems of Thought Personal and Literary Gossip (including special department on Fashions,) Instructions on Health, Music, Amusements, etc., by the best authors, and profusely illustrated with costly engravings (full size,) useful and reliable Patterns, Embroideries, and a constant succession of artistic novelties, with other useful and entertaining literature.

No person of refinement, economical housewife, or lady of taste can afford to do without the Model Monthly. Single copies, 30 cents; back numbers as specimens, 10 cents; other mailed free. Yearly, $3, with a valuable premium; two copies, $5.50; three copies $7.50; five copies, $12, and splendid premiums for clubs at $3 each, with the first premiums to each subscriber.

☞ A new Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for 20 subscribers at $3 each. Address,

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
No. 473 Broadway, New York.

Demorest's Monthly and Young America together $4, with the premiums for each.
Nov. 2—75-tf

DEMOREST'S YOUNG AMERICA, the best Juvenile Magazine. Every Boy and Girl that sees it says so; all the Press say so; and secure a copy. A good Microscope, with a glass bladed pearl Pocket Knife, and a large number of other desirable articles, given as premiums to each subscriber. Yearly, $1.50. The November number commences a new volume. Published by

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
473 Broadway, New York.

Try it, Boys and Girls. Specimen copies, five cents, mailed free.
Nov. 2—75-tf

FOR SALE.

Adamantine Candles, in half boxes and cartons; Locust Point Family Flour, the best Baltimore make.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sept. 26—40-tf Wholesale Grocers.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT & CO.
No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,
NEW YORK.

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S. SHAFER.
EDEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT.
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.
May 15-1867

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

NO. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE,

New York.

Sept 28—45-tf

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Favetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDLES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
25 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
20 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 22-168-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS,

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

HOUSEKEEPERS!

ARE YOU IN WANT OF

DELICIOUS TEAS,

Prime Laguyra and Rio Coffees,
The real old Gov't Java Coffee,
Baltimore Refined Sugars,
Pine Apple Cheese,
A very nice Ham,
Beef Tongues,
and

Elegant Goshen Butter!

Then call at my Store on Market Square.
Oct. 17—61-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

HOLLOW WARE, ANDIRONS, SPICE MORTARS, Lined Stew Pans, Climax Furnaces, Lined Muscalin Kettles, Griddles and Grid-Irons, English Wafer and Waffle Irons.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Oct. 31—tf With Hart & Lewis.

RICH AS CREAM AND YELLOW AS GOLD!!!

That delicious ORANGE COUNTY BUTTER, just received at DOUGLAS BELL'S
Nov. 5—77-tf Family Grocery.

CORN! CORN!

500 bushels for sale.

Oct. 26—69-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO., Wholesale Grocers.

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)

Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.

Aug. 31—2-tf S. H. & W. L. YOUNG.

Notice

WE ARE prepared to furnish Stove Pipe, any size or quantity, or any kind of Tin Ware, Gutters and Pipes. Also on hand Sheet Zinc.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Nov. 8—tf With Hart & Lewis.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S MEMOIRS OF HIS Royal Highness, the Prince Consort. For sale at the Book Store of

Nov. 7—79-tf WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

PERUVIAN GUANO!!

I am daily expecting a small lot of "Genuine Peruvian Guano." Wheat-Growers, try it.

DOUGLAS BELL,
Nov. 1—74-tf Market Square.

FOR SALE.

Best English Breakfast Tea, dark,
" Gunpowder " green,
" Imperial " "

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sept. 23—40-tf Wholesale Grocers.

BALTIMORE ADVERTISEMENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines and Boilers,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE

TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

ROBERTS' RUSH REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.
mar 20-198.

COLLINS & HEATH,
24 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Iron Pipe, Terra Cotta Pipe, Brass Cocks, Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs, Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters, Water Closets, Iron and China Basins, Hydrants, Pumps, Rams, Fountains, Water Wheels, Garden Vases, Water-Coolers, Refrigerators, &c.

Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Tarpaper Cook,
Bower Williston's, Universe Cook,
Bowler Range,
European Range,
Magee Range,
Spence Range,
Emerald Range,
Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety.
All the different styles of Grates,
High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. H. CRAWFORD,

Mechanical and Operative Dentist.

RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:

From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.
my 4-228-eodly

NORTH STATE IRON

AND BRASS WORKS.

Again we beg to inform our friends and patrons that in the loss of our Machine Shops by fire we did not lose our FOUNDRY and PATTERNS, and that we have rebuilt

IN TWO WEEKS TIME

our Machine Shops—that we are now receiving

The Best and Most Highly Improved Machinery

that can be purchased. We are now prepared to furnish, upon short notice, all kinds of

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

all sizes and descriptions of Forgings, and to finish and fit up the same in the best style. All kinds of repairing to Steam and Grist Mills furnished by us. We keep constantly on hand all kinds of

ONE AND TWO HORSE PLOWS,

and all the descriptions of Agricultural Implements used in this section.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Aug 6-305-tf

JOS. P. HELLEN. EUG. M. WILLIAMS

HELLEN & WILLIAMS,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

COURT HOUSE BUILDING,

NEWBERN, N. C.

July 19-204-3m

NAPOLEON AND THE QUEEN OF PRUSSIA; A historical Novel; by L. Muhlbach. For sale at the Book Store of
Nov. 7—79-tf WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

WILLIAM H. WILLARD, Special Partner. RICH'D N. TAYLOR, General Partner.

RICHARD N. TAYLOR,

WHOLESALE GROCER

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Corner Craven and South Front Streets,

NEWBERN, N. C.

Refers to J. M. Conway, 35 Park Place, N. Y., Wygant & Hoedt, 68 Dey Street, N. Y., Jas. S. Woodward's Sons, 29 North Front St., Philadelphia, W. B. Gulick & Geo. W. Swepson, National Bank, Raleigh, N. C., R. M. Oates & Co., Charlotte, N. C.
Oct. 30—72-3m

ROB'T H. COWAN, JNO. W. CAMERON, JAS. H. RITE.

R. H. COWAN & CO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION

AND

SHIPPING MERCHANTS and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and supplies of all kinds,

NO. 32 NORTH WATER STREET,

Wilmington, N. C.

Prompt and strict personal attention given to the sale or shipment of Cotton, Naval Stores and General Produce, or other business entrusted to them.

Agents for M. Davis & Son's (Liberty, Va.) celebrated brands of Virginia Chewing Tobacco.

Agents for the North American Life Insurance Co., of New York City.
Oct. 28—69-6m

COOKING STOVES!

COOKING STOVES!!

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL ENDEAVOR TO keep constantly on hand a good assortment of

COOKING STOVES.

The Stoves are bought in lots from the Manufacturer and fitted up here, and hence can be, and are selling

At Reduced Rates!

He desires to call especial attention to the celebrated BUCK'S PATENT, which he warrants to give satisfaction in every instance.

Buck's Pat. No 6 with pipe and furniture, $30.00
" " 7 " " " 35.00
" " 8 " " " 40.00

Low priced Stoves, from $18 to $25.

☞ Any kind of good BARTER will be taken in exchange.

E. H. POGUE,
Oct. 12—57-eod3m Hillsboro', N. C.

INKS, By the author of "Beulah," "St. Elmo," &c For sale at the N. C. Book Store.
Nov. 15—86-tf JAS. H. ENNISS, Bookseller.

THE NEW TESTAMENT.—The common English version, corrected by the Committee of the American Bible Union. (Second revision.) For sale at the N. C. Book Store.
Nov. 15—86-tf J. H. ENNISS, Bookseller.

FINE COCKADE CITY ALE,

By the keg, for sale by

PULLIAM, JONES & Co.
Nov. 4, 1867—tf.

DRY GOODS.

CLEAN SWEEP!

SELLING ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING

AT COST,

FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!

From this time forth I will sell my entire Stock of Goods at Cost to make room for my Winter stock, consisting in part of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
PRINTS, WHITE GOODS,
IRISH LINEN, TOWELING,
LINEN CAMBRIC HDK'FS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
BLEACHED SHEETING,
UNBLEACHED SHEETING,
BED TICKING,
10-4 SHEETING,
STRIPED DOMESTIC,
LINEN DUCK,
COTTONADES,
HATS, &c., &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A large Stock of the most celebrated manufacture of Gent's and Ladies' Boots and shoes, Gaiters, &c.

Now is the time for you to lay in your supply of Goods, for they are advancing North. I am selling at cost. Come one and all and examine my stock and prices. Do not be induced to buy elsewhere until you give me a call. I am selling for CASH, and CASH ONLY, and am not for the purpose of humbugging you.

Merchants in the City whose stocks need replenishing would do well to call soon and make their purchases.

GEO. T. COOKE.
Aug 6-305-tf

A LARGE,

CHEAP AND WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED BY

ISAAC OETTINGER,

No. 48 Fayetteville St.

ALSO, A FULL STOCK OF

Shoes and Boots, Hats and Caps, Ladies' Dress Silks, Ladies' Cloaks, Ladies' Dress Trimmings, and Fancy Goods.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

All these goods will be sold at a very small advance on first cost. There will nothing be charged for showing them. All we ask is a call before you buy elsewhere.

Remember ISAAC OETTINGER,
At 48 Fayetteville St.,
6 doors North of Market Square.

IN THE MILLINERY LINE

MRS. OETTINGER is again ready to serve her friends and patrons. She has just returned from the Northern Markets, and is posted, and with one of the nicest and largest stocks of

MILLINERY,

that ever was brought to this town. She has something to suit all classes.

Trimmed Hats from 50 cents up.
Bonnets made of silks, velvets, straw and crape.
Velvets, Silks and Satins of every color and shade.
Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers and Ornaments, her stock cannot be excelled.

It is useless to speak of her good taste in trimming Bonnets and Hats. She is too well known for that among the Ladies—so we'd better "Look" call before you buy elsewhere, at

MRS. OETTINGER'S.
(You all know where she lives.)

P. S.—She will have an opening on Thursday, 10th of October.
October 3—2m

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE

SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK

ASSETS OVER

$4,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME

$2,500,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO POLICY HOLDERS [NOT STOCK HOLDERS,] THIS YEAR OVER $600,000.

PURELY MUTUAL.

PROFITS DIVIDED ANNUALLY AMONG

POLICY HOLDERS.

The Equitable has grown more rapidly, since its organization, than any Life Insurance Company ever organized in America.

Its policies average larger in amount than those of any other Company in the United States.

Applications for Agencies in North Carolina must be addressed to the Gen'l Agent.

MAJ.